CG 100-25530

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed in enclosed memorandum and sources have been concealed only when necessary.

The attached memorandum is classified confidential because disclosure of the information could destroy the effectiveness of an informant of continuing value. 67D



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UNIC STATES DEPARTMENT OF JESTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

100-25530

Chicago, Illinois June 20,1960

CONFIDENTIAL

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MARTON SOBELL

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on June 27, 1960, that Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell, was the featured speaker at a Chicago Sobell Committee meeting held on June 25, 1960, at 1316 East Madison Park, Chicago, Illinois.

Sobell stated that she had arrived in Chicago on the morning of June 24, 1960, and that she had just visited Minneapolis, Cleveland, and Detroit. According to Sobell, since arriving in Chicago she had met with photographers and newsmen and one newsman, Irving Rupcinet, a reporter for the "Chicago Sun-Times" had taken her to lunch. She said that Rupcinet, who has a television show called "At Random," promised to have her on this show soon.

Sobell said that she had also appeared for two mixutes or Television Station WBBM, Channel 2, and answered a number of questions concerning her work on behalf of her husband, Morton Sobell, and their future plans if and when he is released.

Sobell had a few copies of the June 20, 1960, edition of the "New York Times" which contains an advertisement on behalf of Morton Sobell. She said that this advertisement was paid for by a group of sponsors who held a big church meeting in May, 1960, and that the Sobell Committee in Detroit is planning to have 20,000 copies of it printed. Also contained in the advertisement was a letter from Congressman William Meyer of Vermont which apparently was written sometime ago on behalf of Morton Sobell.

Sobell announced that a large three day meeting was to be held on November 19, 20, 21, 1960, in Washington, D. C. According to Sobell, among those attending this meeting will be members of the clergy and the professions from all over the United States, and it is hoped a large

CONFIDENTIAL



group of Congressmen. Sobell said that appeals will be sent from the meeting to the White House and the Justice Department and that these appeals should make a big impression.

Sobell said that, if the appeals are not successful in getting amnesty for Morton Sobell, an appeal can be made on behalf of Morton in April, 1961, because he will have, as of then, served one-third of his sentence.

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Sobell stated that the law firm of attorney Frank Donner is representing Morton Sobell and that on June 27, 1960, she will be in Washington, D.C., and she will find out, at that time, whether or not they will be able to obtain the services of a prominent attorney there.

Morton Sobell

Morton Sobell was convicted in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, on March 29, 1951, of conspiracy to commit espionage on behalf of the Soviet Union. Sobell on April 5, 1951, was sentenced to serve thirty years imprisonment and is currently serving his sentence/at the United States Penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia.

Attached is information concerning the Chicago Sobell Committee and the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell.





CHICAGO SOBELL COMMITTRE, aka., Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell

A source on December 3, 1959, advised that the Chicago Sobell Committee, which is also known as Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, and was formerly known as Chicago Rosenberg-Sobell Committee and Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, is a small group of volunteers who do Sobell fund raising and programing in the Chicago area. The Chicago Committee, since its inception in 1952, has been an affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, which is also known as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and was formerly known as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee and the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, with headquarters in New York.

Source said that the office of the Chicago Sobell Committee is currently located at 20 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois,

DAVID
SOLTKER and SYLVIA LEVINSON appear to be the guiding forces behind this committee

Another source advised during October, 1959, that the Chicago Sobell Committee maintains a bank account at the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 111 South Dearborn, Chicago, Illinois, and that DAVID SOLTKER is listed in this bank account as the Secretary of the Chicago Sobell Committee.

The above information cannot be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

The files of the Special Committee on Un-American Activities House of Representatives, as reviewed in August, 1943, reflected that the names of DAVID and GERTRUDE SOLTKER appear as signers on the Communist Party election petition submitted to the State of Illinois in 1940.

Another source in 1943 advised that GERTRUDE SOLTKER, as of 1943, was a member of the Communist Party.

Another source furnished information in 1949 which indicates that at that time SYLVIA LEVINSON was Vice Chairman of the Congress of American Women.

The Communist Party and the Congress of American Women have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10450.

CONFUENTIAL



COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies Ethel and Julius Rosenberg in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon Morton Sobell', the Rosenbergs' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953 and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg case' . . . "

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated January 2, 1957, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 60.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1959-1960 Borough of Manhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

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FILE DESCRIPTION NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT Rosen Com	BERG SOBELL MITTEE
FILE NO. 100	- 107111
VOLUME NO	95

VOLUME NO. 95

SERIALS 4086

THRU
4105

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. o	Pages Released	*	(month/year) Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
4086	7-1-60	NY LETTER to NH	3	0		
4087	7-5-60	RE: Victor Rabinouitz 5A MEMO to SAC N.Y.	2.	0		SEE NYFILE : 100-109849
4088	7-7-60	NYAIRTEL to HQ	ż	0		
4089	7-11-60	SA MEMO TO FILE	1			
4090	7-11-60	SA MEMO to SAC N.Y.	2	0		SEE NYFILE: 100-109849
4091	7-12-60	RE: MORNTHY FREIHEIT SA MEMO to SAC N.Y.	1			
4092	7./2-60	HO LEHER TO LA	1			
4093		NY LEHER TO C.G	4	0		38E NYFILE: 100-109849
		NY LEHER TO LA	5	0	٠. ٠	SEE NYFELE : 100-109849
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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	Actual	Pages Released	*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
4097A	6-16-60	INFORMANT REPORT	6	0		SEE NY FILE: 100-109949 ,
4097B	7-18-60	SA MEMO TO SAC LA	2	0		SEE NY PSLE: 100-16 9849
4098	7-19-60	RE: NATIONAL GRAEDIAN READERS CLUB SA MEMO. TO SAC NH	3	2		
4098 A	7-20-60	SA MEMO to SAC LA	2	0.		
4099	7-22-60	NY AIRTEL-TO HQ	1	1		
4099	7-22-60	ENC. TO ABOVE	1.	0		
4100	7-25-60	SA MEMO TO SAC CG	5	0		SEE NYFELE: 100-109849
4101	7-26-60	NY ATRIEL TO HO	1	0		
4102	7-26-60	NY REPORT TO HQ	45	28		
41024	7-36-60	SA MEMO TO SACCE	2	2		
4103	7-26-60	LA REPORT TO HIQ	39	16		A gray and a second of the
4/03	7-26-60	LA REPORT TO HQ	39	16		DUC

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FILE # _	100-10	7111			_
SUBJECT .	ROSENBERG	/SOBE	ELL COM	ITTEE.	· ~
SERIAL _	4086		DATE	7.1.60	_
CONSISTIN	G OF	3		PAGES	

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number 2040.

FILE # _	100-	10/111			_
SUBJECT	ROSENBE	RG/SOB	ELL COM	MITTEE	
SERIAL _	408	8	DATE	7.7.60	
CONSISTIN	G OF	2		PAGES	

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number 2040.

EAC, NEW YORK (100-21) (41)

7/11/60

SA BOARD BARRETT 67C

MORNING PREINEIT IS - C

The "Morning Freiheit" of June 19, 1960, on page 5, columns 1-5, reflected an article by S. D. LEVINE, entitled: "When The World Cried Out For the Rosenbergs".

The article opens with: "This Sunday, June 19th, will be seven years since the two innocent martyrs, Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were executed." Levine repeats part of the history of the case. He redictives the witnesses and evidence used against them in the trial. "The Trial was held at a time when McCarthy-hysteria had reached its pinnacle and while the Korean War was on. Only at such a time of hysteria and witch-hunting could these two martyrs have been convicted on the basis of such insignificant, often fantastic proof.".... "This barbaric sentence against the Rosenbergs caused a tremendous storm in the United States and throughout the world. In the United States armational committee was organized to demand justice for the innocent victims. Tremendous mass demonstrations were held in dozens of cities and towns across the land. Tans of thousands of people participated in the picket lines in front of the White House ... in Washington. Broad strata of the people voiced their anger and displeasure over the gruesome sentence."

"But the leading circles in Washington did not listen to the protests. Appeals to the Supreme Court and to President Eisenhower were of no avail..." Levine quotes from some of the Rosenberg letters, and concludes:

"The Rosenbergs went to their death courageously with a profound realization of their martyrdoss and with a sacred belief in a better future for humanity".

The above was translated from the Yiddish by

INTERPRETER.

(1-New York (100-107111) (SOBELL COMMITTEE) (\$1.00 -107/11-40.89)

1-New York (100-21) (41)

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SAC, NEW YORK (100-21) (41)

MORNING FREIHRI IS - C

The following report is from the "Horning Preiheit of June 21, 1950, on page 2, columns 4-5;

> Seventh Anniversary Of The Death Of The Rosenbergs Marked At Their Graves ...

An impressive and very moving memorial gathering was held on Sunday afternoon at the graves of martyrs Ethel and Julius Rosenberg on the seventh anniversary of their death.

Among the friends and followers present was Julius mother, who never took her eyes off the two modest tomb-stones with the traditional Hebrew inscriptions: Yoush Rosenberg and Ethel Rosenberg.

Ben Ratner, a friend of the family, opened the ceremony with the prayer for the dead and made a short talk about the Rosenbergs. A close friend of Ethel and Julius spoke about them and about the great idealism which filled their short lives. She also read from John Wexley's book describing a few moving moments in the last days of their courageous and honorable lives and about how, to the last minute, they were certain that, finally, it would be realized that they are innocent.

Edith Segal read a few of her powerful poems concerning the Rosenberg tragedy. The poems made a profound impression an the people.

The assemblage placed flowers on the graves and. with tears in their eyes and deeply moved, left the cemetry. * :

The above was translated from the Yiddish by INTERPRETER. 676

1-New York (100-107111) (41) 1-New York 1-New York 1-New York [100-21] [41]

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JUL 1 2 1960

- NEW YORK

SAC, Lee Angeles (100-41648)

July 12, 1960

Director, FSI (100-387835)

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTOS SOBELL ISTERNAL SECURITY - C

Re New York eirtel 7/7/60 cencerning captioned matter.

The Los Angeles Office chould take innediate steps to determine the exact

Los ingeles should incorporate whatever data developed in menorandum form suitable for dissentiation, six copies being furnished the Suregu. Los ingeles should incorporate in its memorandum pertinent data set out in reafrice. Lo 7 D

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(1)- New York (100-107111)

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TILE # _	100-	107111			
SUBJECT _	ROSENBE	RG/SOB	ELL COM	1ITTEE	
SERIAL _	4095	5_	DATE	7.15	60
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is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number 2040.

UNITED STATES COVERNMENT MEMORANDUM

SAC, NEW YORK (100-133090) (414) TO

Date:7/18/60

FROM

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR A SANE NUCLEAR POLICY IS-C

Identity of Source:

has furnished reliable info in past (conceal) 67D

Description of info:

Info re National Committee for SANE Nuclear Policy Rally, 5/19/60.

Date Received:

Received by: Original located:

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - New York 1 - New York (97-5) (WAR RESISTORS LEAGUE) (31)

(100-12063) (CONTEMPORARY ISSUES) (1 - New York

1 - New York (100-7546) (FELLOWSHIP OF RECONCILIATION) (41)
1 - New York (100-26603) (CP, USA, NY STATE) (421) 1 - New York (100-26603) (CP, USA, NY STATE) (421) 1 - New York (100-23682) (WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE FOR

PEACE AND PREEDOM) (414)

1 - New York (97-169) (PUBLISHERS NEW PRESS, INC.) (415)

1 - New York (100-137309) (WORKERS WORLD)

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1 - New York 1 - New York (100-141495 (CIVIL DEFENSE PROTEST COMMITTEE)

(1)- New York (100-107111) (COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL) (41)

1 - New York (100-140528 Sub A) (COMINFIL GREATER NY COMMITTEE)

1 - New York (100-133090) (414)

KJH: tmb

(18)

TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1960

REPORT ON THE MAD. SQ. GAR. RALLY FOR A SANE NUCLEAR POLICY.

The National & Greater N.Y. Com. for a Sane Nuclear Policy held a Rally at Mad. Sq. Gar. on Thurs. eve., May 19, 1960. 8:30 P.M. 17,500 people attended.

Prior to the meeting many groups distributed papers & pamphlets outside of the Garden; among them were the following; War Resisters League, 5 Beekman St., N.Y. 38, N.Y., Cornucopia & co-sponsor Contemporary Issues (publications), 545 5th Ave., N.Y.C.; FOR (Fellowship of Reconciliation) Box # 271, Nyack: The N.Y.S. Communist Party, 23 W. 26th St., N.Y. C.; The 1960 Campaign for Disarmament Summer Caravan of Students sponsored by several groups including "Sane", FCR, ADA, Women's International League for Peace & Freedom, etal. groups distributing literature were The Community Church 35th St. & Park Ave

The Daily Worker was sold and another publication gave sample copies of Workers World, 46 W. 21st St., N.Y.C.; I.F. Stone's Weekly: et al. A souvenir Journal was published for the occassion by Sane.

Some of the members of the

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5,000 (reported) people who marched with other members of Sane & other organizations to the U.N. Plaza after the Rally was over. This March was originally scheduled for Sat., May 21st but they decided to March after the Rally instead.

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FILE # 100-107111

- PAGE : 3 - - .

his identity.

ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 4098 DATE 7.19.60

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consisting of 3 Pages of which

organizations, disclosure of which would reveal and

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to

whom an expressed promise of confidentiality
has been given. This information includes
dates and places of meetings which were
attended by a limited number of people known
to the informant and/or information from these
meetings and situations in which an informant
was in close contact with members of these

UNITED STATES COVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW HAVEN (100-16943) DATE: 7/19/60

FROM: SA 67C

67 D

SUBJECT: NATIONAL GUARDIAN READERS CLUB (NGRC)
IS - C

Group: National Quardian Readers
Club

Place: 35 Robert St., Bridgeport,

The state of

Conn. 6/19/60

Info From: Info Furnished

To: SA

Furnished On: 6/24/60 Location: 6/24/60

who has furnished reliable information in the past, made the following information available in written report form to SA

2 - 100-16943

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Original information is located
The informant's original report is attached to the copy of
this memorandum designated for his sub file, and is as follows:

"National Guardian Readers Club Picnic and Bazaar. Held at the home of Alice Wida 35 Robert St. Bridgeport, Conn. June 19, 1960 — 3 P.K. (written 6-19, 1960)

*Purpose of picnic and bazaar was to raise money for the Sobell Committee.

"There weren't any speakers, announcements, etc. just a social gathering.

- 61D

"Names of people attending:



FILE #	100-10/111
SUBJECT _	ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE
SERIAL	4098A DATE 7.20.60
CONSISTING	OF Z PAGES

100-107111

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number 2040.

7/22/60 PLAIN TEXT

AT RUET

purposes.

DIRECTOR, FEI (100-387835)

EAC, NEW YORK (100-107111) PRUH SUBJECT: CONSTITUTE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR

MORTON SOBELL IS-2 (00: NY)

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are five copies of a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination purposes. A copy of this sirtel and letterhead memorandum in being sent to the Los Angeles Office for information

The letterhead memorandum has been classified,

"Confidential", in order to protect the identity of the source used therein. APPLIPRIATE A ADVISED

- NY 100-10711 JAH : gral

Supervisor #1

- Bureau (100-397236)

FILE # _				
SUBJECT	ROSENBERG	/SOBELL CO	MITTEE	
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100-107111

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number 2040.

FILE # _	100-	10/111			
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SERIAL _	4101		DATE	7.26.60	<u>5</u>
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Also, (b)(7)(D) information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal

his identity.





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NEW YORK	NEW YORK	DATE 7/25/60	1/20-7/20/60	
LE OF CASE		REPORT MADE BY	6	C me≥
	COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL		ASE	
			AL SECURITY - C AL SECURITY ACT OF I	1950

REFERENCE:

Report of SA

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dated 1/28/60.

at NY.

ADMINISTRATIVE

The information furnished by NY T-12 concerning the bank account of captioned organization as maintained at the Chemical Bank New York Trust Company in NY, was furnished on a confidential basis. The officer to be subpoenaed in the event this information is to be utilized in the event this information is to be utilized in the event the company, fifth Avenue and 20th Street in NYC. 67D

APPROVED	SPECIAL AGENT		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW			
COPIES MADE:	Bureau (100-387 G-2 First Army, 2nd OSI Distric	7835)(RM) NYC (RM)	100-	107/11-	4102	
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2-	New York (100-1	107111)				
Den "		ALL INFO				

Except where Otherwise

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1 - Chicago (100-25530)(Info)(RM)
1 - Cincinnati (100-10090)(Info)(RM)
1 - Cleveland (100-20243)(Info)(RM)
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                       )(Info)(RM)
1 - Detroit(100-20938)(Info)(RM)
1 - Los Angeles (100-41648)(Info)(RM)
1 - Louisville (100-4350)(Info)(RM)
1 - Miami (100-12292)(Info)(RM
1 - Milwaukee (100-11982)(Info)(RM)
1 - Minneapolis (100-8894) (Info) (RM)
1 - Newark (100-35202)(Info)(RM)
1 - New Haven (100-14203)(Info)(RM)
1 - Philadelphia (100-37667)(Info)(RM)
1 - Phoenix (100-4333)(Info)(RM)
1 - Portland (100-9004) (Infc) (RM)
1 - Salt Lake City (100-9029)(Info)(RM)
1 - San Diego (100-9380)(Info)(RM)
1 - San Francisco (100-35117)(Info)(RM)
1 - Seattle (100-22197)(Info)(RM)
1 - St. Louis (100-11726)(Info)(RM)
1 - Washington Field (100-25474)(Info)(RM)
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ADMINISTRATIVE (CONTINUED)

This report is classified "Confidential" since the information contained therein was obtained from informants of continuing value and could reasonably prevent their future effectiveness, especially information furnished by NY T-1, NY T-2, NY T-7, NY T-12 and NY T-13.

Copies of this report have been furnished to interested local intelligence agencies.

Copies of this report are being furnished for information purposes to all offices where active adjuncts or affiliates of the CSJMS have been revealed to exist either through publicity of the CSJMS or by confidential informants.

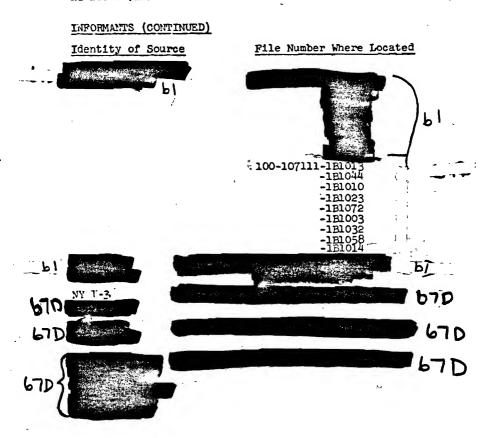
INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

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File Number Where Located





INFORMANTS (CONTINUED)

Identity of Source	File Number Where Located
NY 1219-S	Used to characterize AARON KATZ
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INFORMANTS (CONTINUED)

Identity of Source

File Number Where Located

67D

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PJD

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed, and T symbols were utilized in the report only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

LEAD

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

Will follow and report the activities of captioned organization as revealed through confidential informants and/or publicity releases.

ON PARTY OF THE L

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTI ATION

Copy to:

1 - G-2 First Army, NYC (RM)

1 - 2nd OSI District, USAF, NYC (RM)
1 - ONI 3rd Naval District, NYC (RM)

Report of: Date:

APPROPRIATE AGES
AND PIETO OFFICE
ADVIST YROU AN

SLIP (S) b

57C Office: New York

File Number: New York 100-107111

Title: COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE

FOR MORTON SOBELL

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Synopsis: The National Headquarters of the CSJMS are

at Room D, 940 Broadway, NYC, and this room is also utilized as headquarters for the NYCSJMS. Members of the National Staff are: TED JACOBS, HELEN SOBELL, ROSE SOBELL, LEAH SCHNEIDER, BELLA HALEBSKY, FRANK MILLER,

SCHNEIDER, BELLA HALEBSKY, FRANK MILLER,
IRWA "WIDGE" NEWMAN and AARON KATZ. Members
of the NY Committee are: BEN RATNER, EVELYN
HARAP, MARGARET BLAU, MURIEL GOLDRING and JENNIE RATNER.

The purpose of the Committee is to secure the release of MORTON SOBEL, codefendant of the ROSENBERGS, from prison by obtaining a new trial or by securing executive clemency.

Informant has advised that following SOBELL's release the Committee would attempt to discredit the conviction and sentencing of

the ROSENBERGS.

<u>6.0 H</u>



Bureau 100-387835

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ALL INFORMATIO CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNIT ASSIFIED

OTHERNI SR

Classified by 1913 A

Date of Declessified for Indefinite

DETAILS:

A. CHARACTERIZATIONS

Committee To Secure Justice For Morton Sobell

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOBELL,' the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg case'...."

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated January 2, 1957, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 60.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1951-1960 Borough of Manhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG and MORTON SOBELL were convicted in the Unites States District Court, Southern District of New York, on March 29, 1951, on a charge of Conspiracy to

commit Espionage on behalf of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR). The ROSENBERGS were sentenced to death on April 5, 1951, and MORTON SOBELL was sentenced to 30 years imprisonment on the same date. JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG were legally executed at Sing Sing Prison, Ossining, New York, on June 19, 1953. MORTON SOBELL is currently serving his sentence at the United States Penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia.

The Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA), and the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, the New York Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and the Sobell Committee will be referred to by the initials CSJMS, NYCSJMS and SC where appropriate in this report.

B. PURPOSE OF THE COMMITTEE

On July 18, 1960, NY T-1 advised that the CSJMS was an organization engaged in activities to secure the release of MORTON SOBELL from prison. NY T-1 advised that MORTON SOBELL had been convicted of Conspiracy to commit Espionage with his codefendants JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG and had been sentenced to serve 30 years in prison. The informant said that the Committee had been originally formed approximately 10 years previously to secure the freedom of all three persons, but that a few years later it was decided that concentration of the efforts of the Committee should be on MORTON SOBELL, who was still living, and that after he was freed, the work of the Committee would concentrate on vindicating ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG.



identified HELEN CORELL, Mrs. MUNTON SORELL) as a member of the Education and Literature Committee of the CP in Washington, D. C. as of February 1, 1947.

St. Anns Avenue, Bronx, New York, advised during 1950 that the SOBELL family had resided at this address from about July 1931 to December, 1940.

W 67D

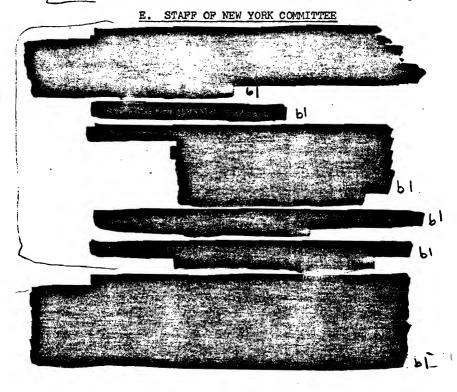
LEAH SCHNEIDER had been an active member of the CP

Jac 61D

NY T-5 advised that IRMA (WIDGE) NEWMAN was a member of the American Youth for Democracy (AYD) while attending New York University in New York City. U. 67D

The AYD has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450. $\ensuremath{\mathcal{U}}$

NY T-6 advised on April 27, 1944, that AARON KATZ was a member of the CP for six years and had been transferred into the Waterfront Section of the CP on December 23, 1943. According to NY T-6, KATZ in 1944 held CP membership book number 31250.



61

NY T-8 advised that EVELYN MANN HARAP was a member of the Chelses-Lincoln Square Section of the CP.

4 67D

NY T-9 advised that MARGARET KANTER BLAU was the Organizational Secretary of the Fifth North Section of the Upper West Side Region of the New York State CP at one period of time between 1948 and 1950.

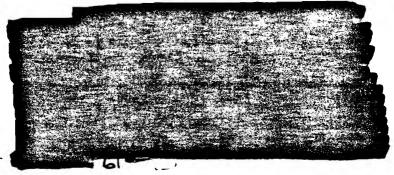
LOUIS ZENEI as an active

CP sympathizer. U 67D

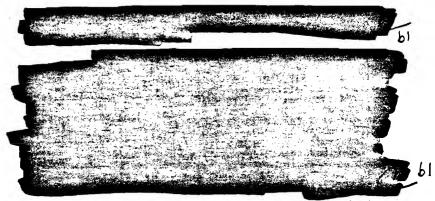


NY T-11 advised on January 19, 1959, that PEARL CHERTOV was at that time a member of the Philadelphia Branch of the Socialist Workers Party (re Socialist Workers Party see above). L.

TIES BETWEEN NATIONAL AND NEW YORK COMMITTEES



O. FUNDS



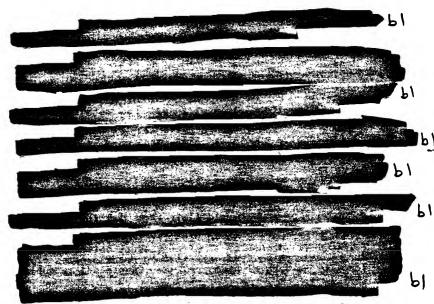
NY T-12 advised on the indicated dates that the bank balance of the "Sobell Committee" on the indicated dates were as follows: L

Date of Balance	Balance	Date Advised
January 27, 1960	\$ 457.29	January 27, 1960
February 25, 1960	1,042.14	February 25, 1960
March 28, 1960	163.41	March 28, 1960
April 26, 1960	253.5 ⁴	April 26, 1960
May 26, 1960	412.45	May 26, 1960
June 27, 1960	489.14	June 27, 1960

The information furnished by NY T-12is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. W

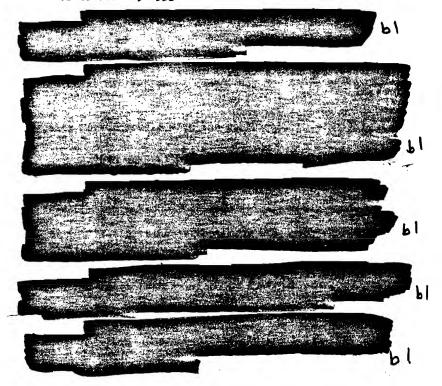
- American de management

NY 100-107111



NY T-13 advised during late January, 1960, that ROSE SOBELL discussed the activities of the Sobell Committees with CLARENCE and HELEN GUREWITZ in Washington, D.C. According to NY T-13, ROSE SOBELL said that "we" have been trying to reach Senators and Congressmen concerning the case, and she added that no one was willing to do anything other than be sympathetic. NY T-13 advised that ROSE SOBELL expressed the comment that there was a lack of activity in New York City and people did not want to do anything.

NY T-14 advised on October 10, 1953, that CLARENCE and HELEN GUREWITZ were CP members as of October 8, 1953. $\ensuremath{\omega}$



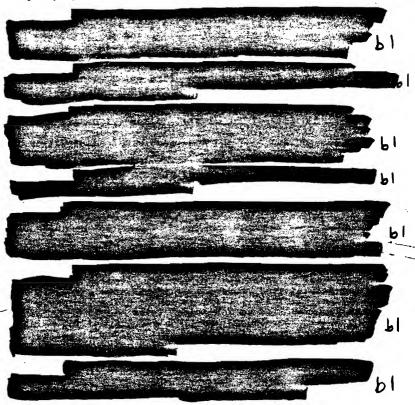


NY T-15 advised on May 25, 1960, that a public meeting of the CSJMS was held on May 24, 1960, at the Community Church of New York, 40 East 35th Street, New York City, and that approximately 350 to 400 people attended. NY T-15 advised that the following agenda was followed: \mathcal{U}

- 1. WILLIAM KUNSTLER, Professor of Law, New York Law School, gave a history of the ROSENBERG-SOBELL case. U
- 2. DWIGHT MACDONALD, an author, lectured on the fact that the sentence was excessive. $\ensuremath{\mathcal{U}}$
- 3. CONRAD LYNN, an attorney, spoke on the injustice of the case and the fact that it was a violation of civil rights. $\ensuremath{\mathcal{U}}$
- 4. HELEN SOBELL spoke on the innocence of her husband. \mathcal{U}
- 5. NORMAN THOMAS made a plea for amnesty for all "political prisoners".
- 6. Congressman RANDALL S. HARMON said that he felt SOBELL was incorrectly tried and sentenced. $\ensuremath{\mathcal{U}}$
- 7. HOWARD RADEST, a minister, made a plea for funds to support the work of the Committee.

NY T-15 advised that it was announced that \$960.00 was received.

NY T-16 and NY T-17 also furnished substantially the same information concerning this meeting held on May 24, 1960. $\mbox{$\omega$}$





K. PUBLICITY

"The Worker" is an East Coast weekly Communist newspaper. U

A characterization of the "National Guardian" and "Jewish Currents" may be found in the Appendix section hereto. κ

On page 14, column 1, of the February 7, 1960, issue of "The Worker" is a news article entitled, "15 Israel Notables Urge Freedom For Sobell", which reports that a group of citizens of Israel had sent an appeal to the President of the United States urging freedom for MORTON SORELL. U

On page 21 of the March, 1960, issue of "Jewish Currents" is an article which reports that 15 prominent Israeli citizens had sent a letter to the President of the United States urging clemency for SOBELL. LA

On page 11, column 2, of the April 3, 1960, issue of "The Worker" is a news article entitled, "An Innocent Man Still Jailed After 10 Years", which article quotes at length a letter by Mrs. MORTON SORKLL to a newspaper in which she states that the USSR did not need to employ her husband as an espionage agent and that her husband was a victim of perjury and hysteria. U

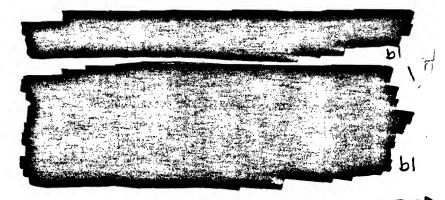
On page 22 of the May 16, 1960, Issue of the "National Guardian" is a news story entitled, "May 24 in New York - Panel to Discuss the Sobell Case", which story reports a planned meeting to be held May 24, 1960, at the Community Church of New York City to discuss the SOBELL case.

On page 10 of the May 23, 1960, issue of the "National Guardian" is a news story entitled, "New York Rally May 24-3 Congressmen Ask Clemency for Sobell", which reports that a meeting in bahalf of SOHELL would be held May 24, 1960, in New York City, and that support for SOHELL was promised by Representatives RANDALL S. HARMON (Democrat-Indiana), WILLIAM H. MEYER (Democrat-Vermont) and JOHN ELATNICK (Democrat-Minnesota).

On page 10 of the June 6, 1960, issue of the "National Guardian" is a box announcement entitled, "Los Angeles", which reports a big meeting to be held June 17, 1960, in Los Angeles, California, under the auspices of the Los Angeles Sobell Committee.

Advertisements for or news articles mentioning sympathetically the work of the Sobell Committee or Morton Sobell appeared in the following issues of the "National Guardian":

page 11 of the January 18, 1960 issue, pages 2 and 9 of the January 25, 1960 issue, page 11 of the February 1, 1960 issue, pages 3 and 11 of the March 7, 1960 issue, page 11 of the March 21, 1960 issue, page 3 of the April 11, 1960 issue, and page 3 of the May 23, 1960 issue.



NY T-18 made available
a 14 page release of the CSJMS known as A report to
DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER, President of the United States,
for the period January 1, 1959, to January 1, 1960".
This release, which contains quotes from prominent individuals, the clergy, may be quoted in part as follows: K

"Summary of Reasons for Executive Action

"The many people who have been appealing in Morton Sobell's behalf have given varied reasons for their actions. They include the following facts:

"1. The trial was held in the midst of the tension of the Korean War. Not only did it take place when McCarthyism was at its height, but one of the prosecutors was Roy Cohn, who rose to become McCarthy's aid partly as a result of the notoriety he received in this trial.

- "2. The United States Supreme Court has never reviewed the case or cassed upon the merits of the trial below.
- "3. Morton Sobell was not accused of atomic espionage.
- "4. Judge Jerome Frank of the U. S. Court of Appeals stated that Morton Sobell should have had a new trial because his case should have been separated from the atomic espionage conspiracy accusations against the Rosenbergs.
- "5. Only one witness gave any testimony connecting Morton Sobell with the conspiracy to commit espionage charge.
- "6. This witness, Max Elitcher, was tainted. He admitted on the witness stand that he had been guilty of perjury on another matter, that the FBI knew about his perjury, and that he was testifying in hopes that he would not be prosecuted. He never was. His was accomplice testimony, generally regarded as weak or suspect.
- "7. Elitcher's testimony was uncorroborated. It was replete with contradictions, inconsistencies, and implausibilities.
- *8. The credibility of the witness against Sobell has never been examined by a higher court.
- "9. No specific overt acts were listed against Sobell in the indictment.
- "10. It was not claimed in the trial that Sobell ever gave or received any classified information.

- "11. The Appeals Court at one point alluded to the 'wholly reprehensible' conduct of the prosecution, and indicated that a new trial would have been justified had the defense objected in time.
- "12. The kidnapping of Morton Sobell and his family from Mexico by the prosecution resulted in prejudicial stories in the press, and was used by the prosecution to prejudice the atmosphere at the trial.
- "13. The hysteria of the time placed an undue burden on Morton Sobell and his attorneys. It was impossible for the attorneys to learn what Morton Sobell was accused of doing in order to prepare a defense. At the trial itself, the attorneys were faced with the choice of putting Morton Sobell on the stand in an inflamed atmosphere, or resting on his plea of innocence according to Constitutional guarantees. The fact that to this day presecutor Roy Cohn holds that not taking the stand indicated Sobell's guilt is evidence of how the rightful use of Constitutional guarantees can be misinterpreted in moments of extreme tension.
- "14. The 30-year sentence against Sobell 1s far out of proportion. Even persons accused of treason in wartime, acting on behalf of enemy powers, have been accorded far less severe sentences.
- "15. The judge based his harsh sentencing policy on the premise that Russia obtained the atomic bomb because of espionage. Today scientists, even conceding some help through espionage, say this was a distorted and harmful illusion that prevented our country from having a true picture of Russia's scientific capabilities. Morton Sobell, although not even accused of atomic espionage, was victimized by the attitudes of the time. Today, the atmosphere has changed, yet he remains a prisoner of that era.

*16. Law journals which have studied the case have indicated that Sobell did not receive justice.
No law review has held that Sobell's sentence was just.

"17. Many authorities who have studied the case are convinced not only that the trial or sentence were unfair, but that Morton Sobell is an innocent man, as he maintains.

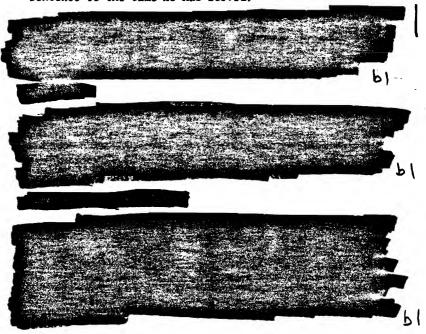
"18. When so many individuals and publications in our country raise basic questions about such an important case, these voices must be respected. The fact that such widespread doubt has been raised is in itself an urgent argument for Morton Sobell's release through Executive action. It is our tradition that where there are doubts, such questions must be resolved to the benefit of the individual, not the prosecution.

*19. Acting positively in this case would help to rectify wrongs done in the McCarthy era, and be a strong re-affirmation to the world of our country's dedication to the high ideas of justice, honor and compassion.

"Conclusion

"Mr. President, we urge with all our hearts that you give this case a personal examination. We urge that you please listen to the voice of educators, clergymen, writers, and editors representing the American people. Whatever arguments there may be regarding the innocence or guilt of Morton Sobell, the fairness or unfairness of the trial, there can be no moral justification for the 30-year sentence imposed upon him on the flimsy testimony presented. The only basis for such a sentence was the passion of the time in which he was tried. Certainly he and his family have suffered more than enough. Certainly our country has the greatness to

correct an injustice rather than compound it by continuing to imprison a man who has been wronged. We appeal to you to end this ordeal by commuting Morton Sobell's sentence to the time he has served."



APPENDIX

"JEWISH CURRENTS"
Formerly known as "Jewish Life"

"Jewish Life" for October, 1957, announced that after the October issue, and with the next issue to be published in January, 1958, the magazine was changing its name of "Jewish Currents," because of the claim to the name "Jewish Life" by the magazine "Orthodox Jewish Life."

The April, 1959, issue reported that "Jewish Currents" is published by Jewish Currents, Inc., Room 601, 22 East 17th Street, New York City.

Concerning "Jewish Life," the Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications, dated January 2, 1957, and prepared by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, stated:

"(1) Cited as a Communist front which first appeared in November, 1946, as a monthly published by the Morning Freiheit Association, publishers of the Yiddish Communist daily, 'Morning Freiheit'....

The first issue contained this announcement of policy: 'Jewish Life dedicates itself to strengthening the friendship of the Jewish people with the Soviet Union....'

"(Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 'Trial by Treason: The National Committee to Secure Justice for the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell,' August 25, 1956, p.93.)"



1.

APPENDIX

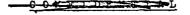


NATIONAL GUARDIAN

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of January 2, 1957, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

"National Guardian

"1. lestablished by the American Labor Party in 1947 as a "progressive" weekly. * * Although it denies having any affiliation with the Communist Party, it has manifested itself from the beginning as a virtual official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia. (Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 'Trial by Treason: The National Committee to Secure Justice for the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell,' August 25, 1956, p. 12)"





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

PEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Referee
File No.

New York, New York July 26, 1960

NY 100-107111

Title Committee To Secure Justice For Morton Sobell

Character Internal Security - C Internal Security Act of 1950

Reference Report of Special Agent dated and captioned as above at New York.

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

NY T-13 and NY T-18 are in a position to furnish reliable information.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency. **D**

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SAC, CHICAGO (100-25530)

July 26, 1969

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CHICAGO SOBELL COMMITTEE

On July 14, 1960, who has furnished reliable information in the past, provided the writer with a handwritten report containing the results of the monitorship of the bank account of the captioned organization for the month of June, 1960. This account is maintained at the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 111 South Dearborn Street, Chicago.

The report is filed in

6110

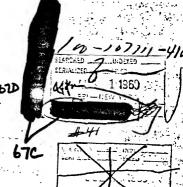
It should be noted that the information furnished by this informant is no longer in his possession.

The report as it relates to the captioned organization is set forth as follows:

(1) - New York (RM)
(100- COMM. TO SECURE JUSTICE
FOR MORTON SDELL)

3 - Chicago
(1(1-100-23177 PRAGA PRESS)

PHK:plf
(4)



CHICAGO SOBELL COMMITTEE June, 1960

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FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 4103 WITH ONE COPY DATE 7 . 26 . 60

CONSISTING OF 39 PAGES OF WHICH D, E, 6, H, I, 3, 6, 8, 10 THRU 20, 22, 23, + 24 are

under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number

Also, (b)(7)(D) | information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.



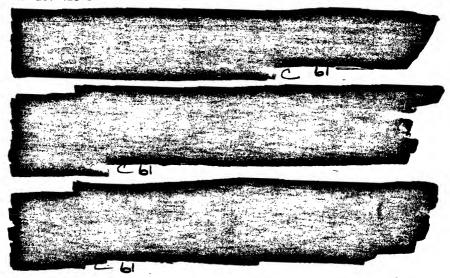
OFFICE OF ORIGIN REPORTING OFFICE INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD JUL 2 6 1960 6/24 - 7/18/60 LOS ANGELES NEW YORK TITLE OF CASE REPORT MADE BY TYPED BY nlb COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE CHARACTER OF CASE FOR MORTON SOBELL INTERNAL SECURITY - C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950 10000 dated 2/12/60, at Report of SA REFERENCE: Los Angeles. L70 -P#-**ADMINISTRATIVE** SPECIAL AGENT APPROVED COPIES MADE: MACEYED. 1 1960 SER NEXT PAGE Classified by ALL INFOR CONTAINED Exempt from GDS, Catchers HEREIN IS US ASSIFIED . Date of Declassification Indefinite EXCEPT WHERE HOWN DIHERWISE

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 2 New York (100-107111) (REGISTERED)
 1 Chicago (Info.)(100-25530)(REGISTERED)
 1 San Diego (100-9380)(Info.)(REGISTERED)
 1 San Francisco (100-35117)(Info.)(REGISTERED)
 2 Los Angeles (100-41648)



Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed, and "T" symbols were utilized in the report only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

This report is classified confidential because data reported from IA T-1, IA T-3 through IA T-5, IA T-7 and IA T-11, through IA T-23 could reasonably result in identification of confidential informants of continuing value and compromise the effectiveness thereof.

LEADS

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA. Will follow and report the activities of the Los Angeles Sobell Committee.

One copy of this report and one copy of the letterhead memorandum are being furnished to Chicago, San Diego and San Francisco for their information since it has been established there is a close alliance between the Los Angeles Sobell Committee and the Sobell Committees of those areas.

Copies have also been designated for FIO, Los Angeles; Region II, Pasadena; and OSI, District 18, Maywood, for the information of those agencies.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source



Location



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8

LA 100-41648

Identity of Source

Conceal per request)

LA T-3

LA T-4

LA T-5

IA T-6

LA T-7

LA T-8 CS LA 3469-S*

LA T-9

670

LA T-10
Chicago Police Department
Security Unit

Location

100-44995-218

67D

100-58398-1A1

Orally to SA

100-18355-1B18-1, Vol. 21, P. 2037

100-23308-4, p. 7

CG 100-22396

PUD

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 - FIO, Los Angeles (REGISTERED)

2 - Region II, Pasadena (REGISTERED) 1 - OSI, District 18, Maywood (REGISTERED)

Date: JUL 2 6 1960

100-387835 Los Angeles 100-41648 Field Office File #: Bureou File #:

Tele: COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

INTERNAL SECURITY - C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

As of 7/12/60 the headquarters of the Los Angeles Sobell Committee (IASC) were located at Suite 3, 462 North Western Avenue, Los Angeles. LASC composed of five chapters -Los Angeles Area; Long Beach-San Pedro: West Los Angeles; Valley; and Altadena-Pasadena. Other officers set forth in details.

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Major campaign is clergy appeal to President EISENHOWER for executive clemency for SOBELL. Subversive ramifications indicated through connections with Communist Party and Socialist Workers Party. .اطر

Date of Declassi

MENT

los Angeles, California

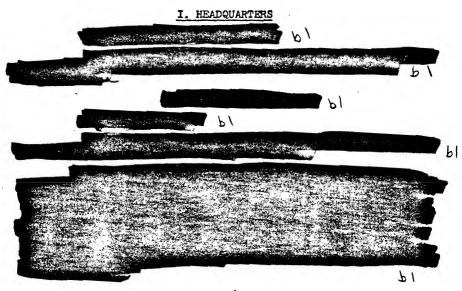
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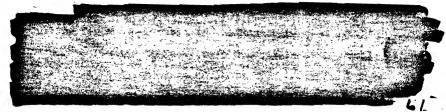
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LA T-1 (5/4/60)

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LA T-1 (7/12/60)

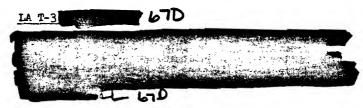


LA T-2 (1/12/55) (1/17/55)

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LA T-3 67D



MARY KRVAR

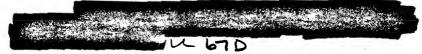
LA T-4



LA T-1 (4/22/60) LA T-5 (5/12/60)



LA T-1 (7/12/60) LA T-5 (7/12/60)



HELEN JOSEPHINE BLAIR

LA T-6 (5/12/54)

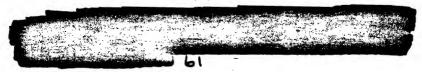
Sometime during the early 1950s, HELEN BLAIR was Executive Secretary of the Hollywood Arts, Sciences, and Professions Council (see Appendix).

LA 100-41648 .

EVELYN BURKETT

LA T-8 (11/29/50)

As of November 29, 1950, EVELYN BURKETT was the Executive Secretary of the Music Division of the Hollywood Arts, Sciences, and Professions Council (see Appendix).



ALICE HAGGERTY

LA T-9 (4/19/45)

ALICE HAGGERTY was assigned as a member to the 40th A.D. Branch, Ios Angeles County CP, during 1944. L



EDYTHE MARGOLIS, nee COHEN

LA T-10

EDYTHE COHEN was a member of the CP in the Chicago, Illinois, area in 1939.



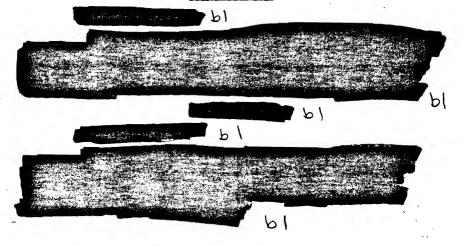


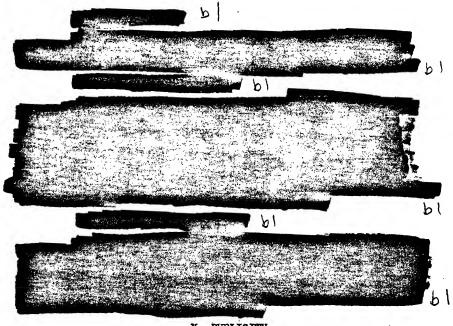
LA T-11 (7/14/60)

As of July 14, 1960, JANET GOLDSTEIN was a member of the Los Angeles Local - SWP.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

V. MEMBERSHIP





X. PUBLICITY

LA T-16 (10/30/59)

Informant made available a printed, undated form letter entitled "Appeal to the President on Behalf of MORTON SOREIL."
This letter contained the names of 282 clergymen sponsoring the appeal, and among this list were 40 clergymen in the Los Angeles, California, area.

APPENDIX

BAY AREA COUNCIL OF SOBELL COMMITTEES, aka Northern California Council of Sobell Committees

A confidential source advised the Bay Area Council of Sobell Committees (BACSC) was formed on October 17, 1955, in San Francisco, California, as the local affiliate of the National Sobell Committee, to carry out the policies of the National Committee to obtain the freedom of MORTON SOBELL, [5]

On November 25, 1959, a second confidential source advised that the BACSC, also referred to as the Northern California Council of Sobell Committees, is one and the same, and their headquarters is located at 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, California, and is continuing to function and plan future Sobell affairs,





APPENDIX

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

A source advised on May 4, 1960, that the Los Angeles Sobell Committee is the Los Angeles, California, affiliate of captioned organization.

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOBELL,' the ROSENBERGs' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case -communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg case'..."

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated January 2, 1957, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 60.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1959-1960 Borough of Manhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

APPENDIX

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CHAPTER OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF THE ARTS, SCIENCES AND PROFESSIONS, aka., Hollywood Arts, Sciences and Professions Council

CONFIDENTIAL

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations" (revised January 2, 1957) page 132, stated this organization is cited as "one of the major Communist dominated propaganda media on the Pacific Coast" (California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1955, pages 392 and 393).

An informant advised that the Los Angeles Chapter was dissolved on January 3, 1956.

The National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions has been cited as a "Communist front" by the United States Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report number 1954, dated April 26, 1950.

APPENDIX



In Reply, Please Refer to
File Na. 100-41648

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
LOS Angeles, California

JUL 2 6 1980

Title COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SORELL

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Reference

Report of Special Agent dated as above, at los Angeles, 67C California

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

LOS ANGELES NEW YORK

LOS ANGELES NEW YORK

JUL 2 6 1960 6/24 - 7/18/60

REPORT MADE BY

CHARACTER OF CASE

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
POR MORTON SOBELL

INTERNAL SECURITY - C;
INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

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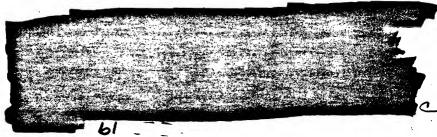
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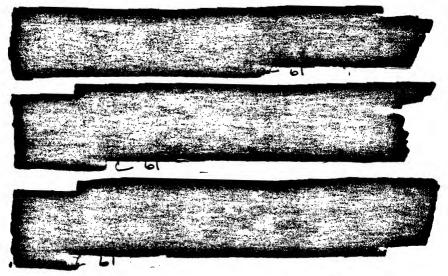
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 2 New York (100-107111) (REGISTERED)
 1 Chicago (Info.)(100-25530) (REGISTERED)
 1 San Diego (100-9380) (Info.) (REGISTERED)
 1 San Francisco (100-35117) (Info.) (REGISTERED)
 2 Los Angeles (100-41648)



Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed, and "T" symbols were utilized in the report only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

This report is classified confidential because data reported from IA T-1, IA T-3 through IA T-5, IA T-7 and IA T-11 through IA T-23 could reasonably result in identification of confidential informants of continuing value and compromise the effectiveness thereof.

LEADS

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA. Will follow and report the activities of the Los Angeles Sobell Committee.

One copy of this report and one copy of the letterhead memorandum are being furnished to Chicago, San Diego and San Francisco for their information since it has been established there is a close alliance between the Los Angeles Sobell Committee and the Sobell Committees of those areas.

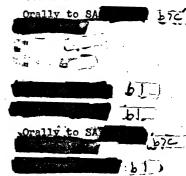
Copies have also been designated for FIO, Los Angeles; Region II, Pasadena; and OSI, District 18, Maywood, for the information of those agencies.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

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Location



Identity of Source LA T-2 LA T-3 LA T-5 LA T-6 LA T-7

LA T-8 CS LA 3469-S*

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TA T-10 Chicago Police Department Security Unit

Location

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100-18355-1B18-1, Vol. 21, P. 2037

100-23308-4, p. 7

CG 100-22396

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION



Los Angeles, California

. .

1 - FIO, Los Angeles (REGISTERED)

Los Angeles 100-41648

2 - Region II, Pasadena (REGISTERED) 1 - OSI, District 18, Maywood (REGISTERED)

Report of:

Field Office File #1

JUL 2 6 1960

TC Office:

Bureau File f: 100-387835

Title:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Synopsis

As of 7/12/60 the headquarters of the Los Angeles Sobell Committee (LASC) were located at Suite 3, 462 North Western Avenue, Los Angeles. LASC composed of five chapters - Los Angeles Area; Long Beach-San Pedro: West Los Angeles; Valley: and Altadena-Pasadena.

and Altadena-Pasadena.
Other officers set forth in details.

Major campaign is clergy appeal to President EISENHOWER for executive clemency for SOBELL. Subversive ramifications indicated through connections with Communist Party and Socialist Workers Party.

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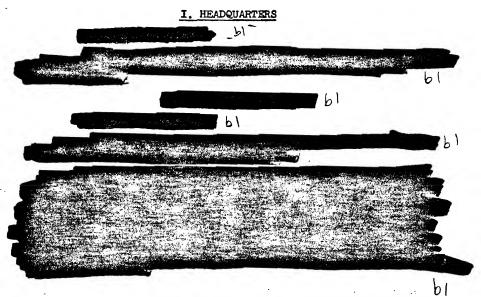
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IA 100-41648

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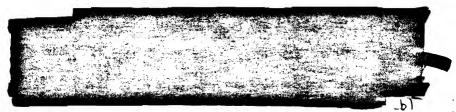
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LA T-1 (5/4/60)

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IA T-3 67D



470

MARY KRVAR

LA T-4 67D



LA T-1 (4/22/60) LA T-5 (5/12/60)

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LA T-1 (7/12/60) LA T-5 (7/12/60)

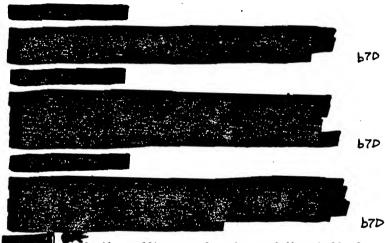
7 1 67D

HELEN JOSEPHINE BLAIR

LA T-6 (5/12/54)

Sometime during the early 1950s, HELEN BLAIR was Executive Secretary of the Hollywood Arts, Sciences, and Professions Council (see Appendix).

IA 100-41648



named other officers and members of the staff of the LASC as follows:

DOROTHY MAY: - Treasurer and Mational Committee member, CSJMS;

EVELYN BURKETT - Recording Secretary.

DOROTHY MAYR

As of July 12, 1960, DOROTHY MAYR was the Organizational b7D Secretary of the Northeast Club, SCDCR

40

EVELYN BURKETT

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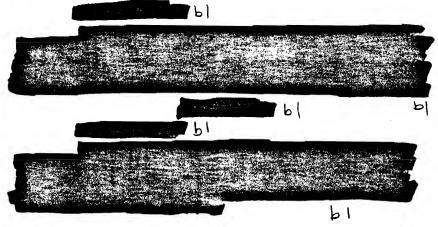
JANET GOLDSTEIN

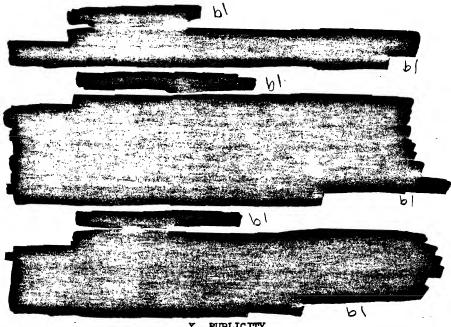
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IA 100-41648

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APPENDIX

-27*-





In Reply, Please Refer to File No. 100-41648

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND Angeles, California

JUL 2 6 1960

Title COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MONTON SORELL

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Reference

Report of Special Agent dated as above, at los Angeles, California 67 C

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

FILE DESCRIPTION NEW YORK FILE SUBJECT Rosenberg/Sobell Committee FILE NO. 100-107/11 96 VOLUME NO. 4106 **SERIALS** 4/33

Serial	Dete	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. o	Released	*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
106	1927/60	LA LET TO HQ	2	1		
107	1/27/60	LA AIRTEL TO HO	2	1		
108	7/29/60	HQ LET TO NY)	44		
409	169/60	SANDLEGO REPORT 'TO HO	10	10		
1110	8//60	SA MEMO TO SAC, NY	2	-		
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1112	8/1/60	LA AIRTEL TO HO	1	_		
113	8/3/60	WFO LET TO NY	1	١		
114	8/2/60	SA MEMO TO SAC	5	1		100-109849
115	93/60	SACINY LET TO HO	1	—		• •
16	8/4/60	SA MEMO TO SAC	2			SEE NY FILE # 100-37/581
117	5/. 11	NY LET TO LA	4	4		Section Section Section

Serial	Dete	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. o	Released	*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
18	8/5/60	Informant report	1	1		,
113	7/30/60	Encl: to above informant	5	5		reverse of Interologism articles
1119	88/60	SA MEMO TO SAC /	2	_		, 0
19A	8/9/60	3 SA MEMOS TO SACICY	2/3/3	7/3/2		
1198	8/8/60	Routing slip from	1	+		
120	8/8/60	SA MEMO TO SAC	2	_		
21	3/9/60	SAC, BA AIRTEL 70 HQ	_ [1		
4122	8/9/60	SAC, Ph airtel to HO	2	a	ı	
123	8/19/60	NY AIRTEL TO HOULAN	1/2	1/2		N.
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124	2/12/60	SA MEMO TO SAC	3	1		4 1 1 1
125	8/10/10	SA MEMO TO SAC	2	_		100-109749

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. o	f Page a	*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
126	8/13/60	SA MEMO TO SAC	2	-		SEE NY FILE # .
1137	924/60	Informant report	2	1		SEE NY FILE # 100-109849
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1130	8/22/60	SA MEMO TO SAC, NY	2	_		0
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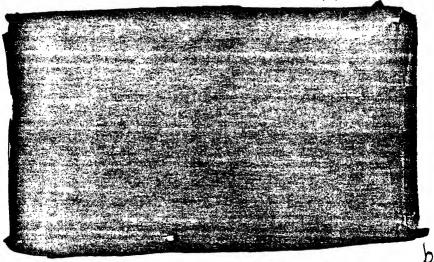
DATE:

SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-41648)

SUBJECT ... COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

> IS - C 00: New York

Re New York airtel to Director, dated 7/7/60.



2 - Bureau (REGISTERED) 1 = Boston (100-27290)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED)
1 = Chicago (100-25530)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED)
1 = Detroit (100-)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED)
1 = Milwaukee (100-11982)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED)
1 = Minneapolis (100-8894)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED)

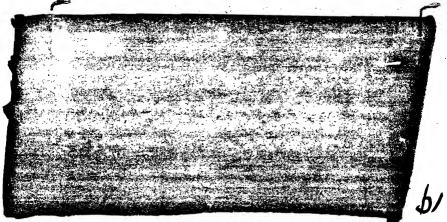
1 - New Haven (100-)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED)
1 - New York (100-107111)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED)

1 - Portland (100-9004)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED)

1 - San Francisco (100-35117)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED) 1 - Seattle (100-22197)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED) 1 - Washington Field (100-25474)(CSJMS)(REGISTERED) 1 - Los Angeles

100: -123038 LDT:BLC

(14)



This is being furnished for the information of those offices through whose territory NEWMAN may pass on her tour. The Los Angeles Office will maintain close contact with informants concerning NEWMAN and will promptly advise the Bureau and interested offices concerning NEWMAN's future travel plans.

. .

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-387835)

FROM:

SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-41648)

SUBJECT:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE

FOR MORTON SOBELL

IS-C

OO: NEW YORK

Re Los Angeles letter to Director 7/27/60 :rhf unill 2 9 1900

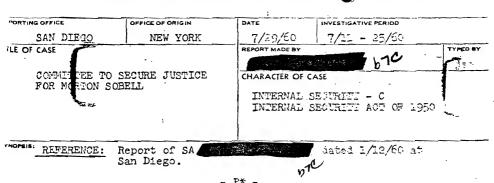
For the information of the Bureau a supplemental letterhead memorandum regarding NEWMAN's travel in Canada is in preparation.

This information is set out for whatever action the interested offices deem advisable.

FILE #	100-10711	11	
SUBJECT	ROSENBERG/SO	DBELL COM	ITTEE
SERIAL _	4108	DATE	7-29-60
CONSISTI	NG OF		PAGE#

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number

FEDERAL EPREAU OF INVESTIGATION



LEADS

LOS ANGELES (INFORMATION)

One copy of instant report is being furnished to Los Angeles for information.

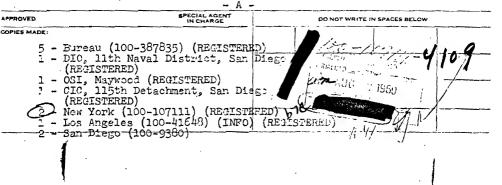
SAN DIEGO DIVISION

Will continue to follow and report the activities of the San Diego Sobell Committee which is an affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Scholl.

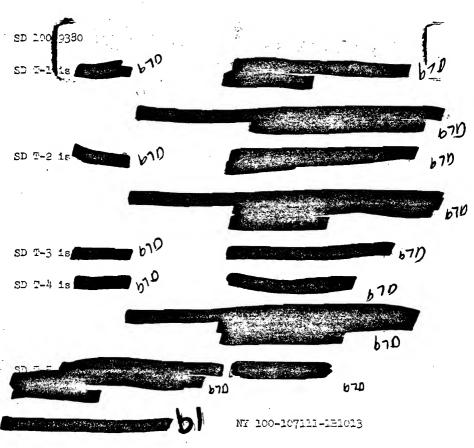
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Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and "T" symbols were utilized in this report only in those instances where the identity of the informants rust be concealed.

This report is classified "Confidential" since data

SD 10-9380

reported from SD T-1, SD T-2, SD T-3, SD T-4, and SD T-6, if revealed, could reasonably result in identification of confidential informants of continuing value and compremise the effectiveness thereof.

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Date;

Office: San Diego

Field Office File #: San Diego 100-9380

Bureau File #: 100-387835

Title:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SCHELL

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Symposis MILTON HENRY LESSNER is Chairman of the San Diego Sobell Committee (SDSC), the San Diego, California, affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON SOBELL. Various members of the San Diego Branch, Socialist Workers Party (SDE-SWP), and members of the San Diego County Communist Party, (SDCCP) attended a dinner sponsored by the SDSC in March, 1960.

- P* -

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DETAILS:

SD T-1 and SD T-2 advised on December 16, 1959, that the San Diego Sobell Committee is the San Diego, California, affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell.



SD T-1 and SD T-2 advised on December 16, 1959, that effective as of that date, DONALD ZIELINSKI was an unofficial member of the San Diego Branch of the Socialist Workers Party, (SDB-SWP), as a security precaution, but that he had full rights and privileges of membership.

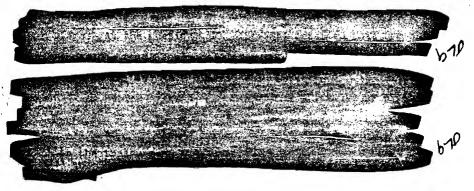
The Socialist Workers Party (SWP) has been designated

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SD 10 ~9380

by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order 10450.

SD T-1 and SD T-2 advised on December 16, 1989, that effective as of that date, MILTON SLAKTER and ANN ZIELINSKI were members of the SDB-SWF.

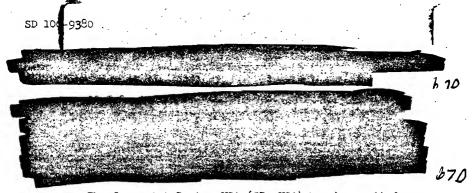


SD T-1 and SD T-2 advised on December 16, 1969 and on July 18, 1960, that effective as of those dates, WILLIAM KITT was a member of the SDB-SWP.



SD T-4 advised on September 4, 1969, that effective as of that date, MIRIAM and SIGNUND KUSNIERCEYE were inactive members of the SDCCP.





The Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) has been cited by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order 10450.

SD T-2 advised on July 16, 1960, that MILION HENRY LESSNER continues to be chairman of the SDSG, the San Diego, California, affiliate of the Committee to Secure Action for Morton Sobell.

SD T-4 advised on December 2, 1950, that as of that date, MILTON HENRY LESSNER was a newton of the Son Diego County Communist Party (SDCCP) and past liberature director of the SDCCP.



SD T-5 on March 16, 1960, made available a printed brochure which announced "Wanted 100 people to participate in the Morton Sobell Dinner to be held at 1501 North Avenue, San Diego, March 18, 1960 ...". The announcement further stated that part of the evening's program would consist of a showing of a "Sound Movie, Interview with Halen Sobell." The announcement further stated that "Lord Bertham Russell, Philosopher-Author and Martin Buter . Prof. Emeritus, Habrow University, Jerusalem jointly convinced of Sobell's innocement, have asked | President Eisenhower to grant clemency."

SD 10 -9280

SD T-3 advised on March 25, 1960, that on the evening of March 18, 1960; a dinner-meeting sponsored by the SDSC was held at the CUF Hall on North Avenue, Sar Diege. Two filmed interviews with HELEN SCHELL very shown. The meeting was chaired by MILTON LESSNER and ARTHUR STEVENS made the collection speech. LESSNER announced that the total of the dinner donation and the collection was \$100.00

SD T-4 advised on September 4, 1977, that effective as of that date ARTHUR STEVENS was an inactive member of the SDCCP.

SD T-4 advised on March 28, 1960, that on March 18, 1960, an SDSC dinner party was held at the CWF Hall, Sar. Diego, for the purpose of raising funds for the MORTON SCHILL Case.

AFFEIDIX

NATIONAL GUARDIAN CLUB, San Diego, California, Aka Guardian Angel Club, National Guardian Club of San Diego, National Guardian Readers Group

A confidential source advised on May 10, 1960, that instant organization was formed on November 19, 1955, by a group of Communist Perty (CP) sympathizers and suspected CP members, to support the "National Guardian" by subscriptions, denations, and programs designed to arouse interest in the issues being favored by the "National Guardian". The club was inactive from June 17, 1956, until September 19, 1958.

This source and enother source advised on May 10, 1960, that the club was reactivated on September 19, 1958, by members of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) for recruiting purposes. These sources advised that the club is now completely dominated and controlled by the San Diego Branch of the SWP. Its sole activity consists in presenting SWP selected speakers at meetings held under the auspices of the club.

The 1949 report of the California Committee on Un-American Activities cited the "National Guardian" as a publication launched in New York in 1948, aiming at national circulation, which it found to be from its inception notoricusty Stalinist in its staff, writers, management and content. (1949 report of the California Senate Fact Finding Committee on Un-American Activities, page 394)

The mesthesd of the "National Guardian", issue of May 16, 1960, reflects that it is published weekly by Weekly Guardian Associates, Incorporated, 197 East 4th Street, New York City.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

COMMUNITY UNITARIAN FELLOWSHIP

(OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY)

" *** * when the Communists were expelled from the San Diego First Unitarian Church by the pastor, PETER SAMSON, they set up a competitive organization, the Community Unitarian Fellowship. This was designed to operate as a 'non-religious' front organization * * *. The Communist group was refused recognition both by the San Diego Unitarian Church and by the American Unitarian Association, the parent body of Unitarian churches in America."

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1955, H. R. 1648, January 17, 1956, originally released January 11, 1956, p. 26.)

APPENDIX





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Diego, California July 29, 1950

Title

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE

FOR MORTON SOBELL

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - 0 INTERNAL SECURITI ACT OF 195

Reference

as above.

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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SUBJECT	ROSENBERG/SO	BELL COMM	ITTEE
SERIAL _	4112	DATE	8-1-60
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SUBJECT	ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE
SERIAL _	4115 DATE 8-3-60
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100-107111

FILE # _	100-10/111		
Subject	ROSENBERG/SOB	ELL COM	MITTER
SERIAL _	4117	DATE	8-4-60
CONSISTI	NG OF		PAGES

FD-306 (3-2)-58) Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks) by telephone by mail arally . precording device written by Informant If arally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent: 5/3/60 Date(s) of activity Transcribed . 7/30/60 Authenticated Brief description of activity or material Meterial concerning MERTON SOBELL (attack File where original is located if not attached FOR 100-107111. Remorts: (Form litter addressed to Price. DWIGHT D. E 15 ENHOWER, sincigned, requesting that MARTON his commuted to time served. 50 BELL a centence (2) Expent from THE INTERCOLLECTION, APRIL 19.59 of article the Con of Morral Sobell. (3) Three page mime ographed report entitled. Further Developmento in Morten Sobell Case Since Regard & President Eicenhower was Sulemetted" This item is dated January. March 1960. 100-107111 Block Stopp 00-107111-4118 SILED ____ SERIALIZED ____ FB! - NEW YORK

President Dwight D. Eisenhower The White House Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

Many of our most eminent citizens and publications believe the trial of Morton Sobell to have been unfair, or the 30-year sentence excessive. In view of this significant concern, it is disturbing that no action has yet been taken in his behalf.

I wish to add my voice to those requesting you to commute his sentence to the time served. Even the possibility that an innocent man may be imprisoned is a terrible thing. Each added day of prison that Morton Sobell is made to endure -- and he is already in his 10th year -- compounds this tragic situation for the Sobell family and for our country.

Very sincerely yours,

all 6-102-107/11-4118

THE INTERCOLLEGIAN
ES PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL
STUDENT COUNCIL OF THE THICA & TWCA

the sixth Assembly of the Student YMCA-YWC/

Issue of the month

second report issue

The case of Morton Sobell

At the Assembly, both Dr. Paul Lehmann and Dr. Gardner Muryhry called attention to the Moreon Sabell trial and demonstra. Souther Chantin Attenciolium should study the second of this case, otherwise a generally action sent Shanance of justices in any society exists, that society cannot go food printed vasating in jushiavious and practice. The following statement has been made by a group of distinguished chicans. We commend it to the attention of every Christian Association.

THE UNDERSIONED are American citizens who believe that the semience of Morrion Sobell should now be communed. Sobell was convicted of conspiring with others to transcent to the Soviet Disting seriality and information ar-being so the assistant abeliance of the United States and was contened on April 1, 1951 to serve thirty years in Federal Prison.

Morton Sobell was tried with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, who were convicted of espionage in connection with the atomic bomb and who were sentenced to death and later executed. Sobell, however, was never implicated in any way with involvement in the atomic espionage for which the Rosenberg were convicted. This fact was comlarged by the judge who tentenced Sobell.

This statement is not concerned with the Rosenberg conviction. The undersigned are and consistently have been convinced anti-Communitist. None are associated with any organization, consentee or group of any kind concerned either with the case of the Rosenbergs or that of Sobell, nor are any of the undersigned connected in any way with Morton Sobell or any members of his family. After study of the case, we believe that the following considerations warrant a commutation of the very heavy sentence Sobell is now serving.

1. Sobell was never amplicated with intomic Estimators.

for which the Rosenbergs were convicted.

2. The charges against Sobell, supported mainly by the testimony of one man, Max Elitcher, were that he had solicited information, and had on one occasion taken assess thing which looked like a can of film to Julius Rosenberg. No specific tiem of information supposed to have been secured by him or transmitted by him to anyone else is specified in the record. The case against him, therefore, is vague in content and slender in proof. The possibility that a trip to Mexico which he and his family took should be construed as flight cannot be ignored, though it is subject to various interpretations.

3. Whether or not the judge and prosecution made sufficient efforts to provide a fair trial, we ought to reacemize that the emotions corrounding the trial of the Rosenbergs and the fact that Sobell's case was tried with theirs made it difficult to separate the two cases and to recognize the very different character of the two charges and the evidence introduced to support them respectively.

- 4. Schell has already served, with good conduct, searly eight sears in prison, six of them in Alestra?
- 5. As American we see fally mean of the threet of communican to our freedom and way of life. Any stuck on that freedom from without or within must be resisted. Nevertheless, one of the factors which makes that freedom so precious is its capacity to practice a disciplined and human administration of justice precisely in those

and number administration of justice precisely in those cases where combitions are accessed which what it difficult to remain objective about the merits of a specific case. We believe a commutation of the bobbli centeace would domentize our national faith in that freedom.

REINHOLD MISSUAR
Wice-President and Professor of
Chies and Evening
White President Summer
Mark The San

SCHOOL C. SEMBLETT

Dase and Professor of Eshios
and Theology

and Theology Springry Springry Services

Associate Professor of Low New York University EDMOND CAHN Professor of Law

DANIEL DAY BALLANIE Professor of Systematic Wanting Dains Throtopical Samuery

PAUL RAMSTY
Professor of Religion
Princeton University
JEROMS MATHANSON

AUTHOR Reduninistrative London
of Low New York Society for
iny Brhical Culture
(Titles are for Idealification poly)

WHAT YOU CAN DO

- 1. Malcolm T. Sharp's book H'er Justice Done? (The Month), Review Press, \$3,50) is a very good point of departure. He is a law professor at the University of Chicago. The foreword is by D. Harrold Drey.
- A three page statement by Dr. Paul Lebenson is available apon request. This is an enlargement of the remarks he made at the Assembly on the Sobell case.
- affect regions. In a way can person on the ventures to most on the Assembly on the Schell case.

 3. Other sources: Oliver Plats, Assem Bries: John Weskey, Jadapseness of Julius and Estel Renewberg-William Reuben Tit. Assembly Thomas. Also refer to U. of Chicago Law Review, Spring 1955, Vol. 24, No. 3, p. 585, Vol. 24, Vol. 3, p. 585, Vol. 24, Vol. 3, p. 585, Vol. 24, Vol. 3, p. 586, Vol. 3, p. 5
- 4. p. 45.

 4. Form a group of faculty and students to talk this through seeking to bring the intelligence, information and convictions of the group to hear on this concrete issue of justice.

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The Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell 940 Broadway, N. Y. C. AL 4-9983



NOTE—The following comments on the Morton Sobell case was a Paul Lehmann of the Harvard Divinity School are being sent by the Intercollegian, student YMCA-TWCA publication, in response to requests for more information about the trial and imprisonment of Mr. Sobell.

MORTON SOBELL SYMBOL OF THE CHRISTIAN'S CONCERN FOR JUSTICE

The Christian's concern for justice is a basic response to what the God revealed to us in Jesus Christ and described in the Bible is doing in the world. Images get to the heart of the mat-ter more quickly than do concepts, and a careful reading of the Bible will disclose that the characteristic images in terms of which the Bible deacribes what God is doing in the world are politi-cal images. They are political images in the fundamental sense of the word "political"; for politics has to do with what it takes to make and to keep human life human. The God of the Bible is thus at work in the world "to destroy and to overthrow, to build and to plant" (Jeremiah 1:10); "he has gathered the proud in the imagination of their hearts, he has put down the mighty from their thrones, and exalted those of low de-gree" (Luke 1:51-52); he chooses "what is low and despised in the world, even things that are not, to bring to nothing things that are, so that no human being might boast in the presence of God" (1 Corinthians 1:28-29). In this context, justice is the setting right of what is not right in the world, the breaking down of every barrier to the fulfillment of human wholeness and the making room for what is genuinely human in the relations of men in their dealings with themselves and with one another.

Morton Sobeli was convicted and sentent so prison in the wake of the trul, convictions and sentencing of Julius and Ethe! Rosenberg (1951-53). His case has been called "the or standing example of the serious lasting effects of the spy scare". The precepts and processes of justice are the right and proper instruments through which human societies order the common life, and endeavor both to protect and man's humanity as against his inhumanity to man. But in the actual exercise of justice, human societies not infrequently subordinate the claim of justice to the interests of power, and from time to time in the course of human affairs the destructive impulses and capacities of men, their hatfeds and their fears, become compounded with frrational, deep and widespread insecurity, so that the wary procedures and structures of justice become the instruments of the miscarrings of justice. I may "miscarrange" and because all fegal processes have not been duly exercised and the judgment of wisr and learned jurists asked. But a "miscarriage of justice" arises because the rules of legal evidence and the more delicate, difficult and fundamental human evidence are at variance, if not in conflict, the one with the other. The marien "beyond reasonable doubt", designed to keep a healthy tention be-tween the legal and the human evidence when the question of justice or injustice is up, proves under conditions of public hysteria to be a slender reed upon which a society can rest its con-science and its peace.

All this may be granted by non-Christians as well as by Christians. Indeed, non-Christians have often been more sensitive to the cleavage between legal and howns a wridence in matters of justice than Christians have been. Nevertheless, the authentic response of Christian faith to what God is doing in the world is nowhere more evident than in the persistent and restless sensitivity to miscarrange of justice which cannot come to peace with itself until law has time again been restored to the suthentic function as an instrument for the humanization of man in his relatedness to man.

Morton Sobell was sentenced to prison for is thirty-year term in 1951. First in Leavenworth and then in Alcatras, symbols of American punitive power at its worst, Sobell has been serving his sentence amider rising doubts in the body politic of the United States about the evidence wom which he was actually convicted and

which lift the Sobell case above to level of the processes whereby injustice can be legally redressed, and transfer it to a level of symbolic sugnificance of the sanity, stability and integrity of the common life in the United States. It is this symbolic significance which sharply juxtaposes the power of the state and the human significance of an individual citizen. It is this symbolic significance which sharply poses the question whether any society can safely allow a seric malfeasance of justice to continue without recre-It is this symbolic significance which sharply poses the question whether Morton Sobell has no: in the last analysis been caught up by forces whi are so vastly more powerful and ominous than hor his deeds or misdeeds could possibly be, so that the humanistic foundations of justice in a society which has imprisoned him are at stake.

In a time of conformity, when non-conformity is a risk, stucents and their campuses do not need - show all things - the antidot of causes. What they need shows all things is to remember that human crealivity has always been high when men have kept sensitive to what was immediately around them and out of joint. Whether one come to the conclusion that the Sobell case should be pardoned by secutive Clemency or not, a serious that the sobell case should be pardoned by secutive Clemency or not, a serious that goes not be some and the significance of Morrow Sobell's ordeal may well serve as an unforgettable unnergraduate supersance at what it takes to be and to stay a human being in this kind of world.

Whether or not Sobell is a Christian, I do not know. It does not matter. Christ died - not los Christian only - but for the migod y. that is for all men, Christians included. As God in Christ makes no conditions for forgiving men their sans and including them in fellowship with Him, so Christians make no conflitions for their obedient concern for all sorts and conditions of The Christian doctrines of the incarnation and Atonement mean nothing so much as that God who is sevealed in Christ is active and at work on the frontiers of man's humanity to man Student TM and TWCA's have lost their real exduse for being miless they are steatilly response to what God as doing on that frontier. Thus it comes about that Morton Subell is the next-door neighbor of every campus YM and YWCA, who confronts them out of a great silence with the question of the integrity of their obedience to

The basic factual materials for a discussion of the issues and significance of the Sobell case are of course the trial record itself. This can be obtained from the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell at 940 Broadway, New York 10, New York. But this record is long and tedious and perhaps not the most rewarding way to begin to understand the case. For this purpo the book by Professor Malcolm T. Sharp, of the Faculty of Law at the University of Chicago, entitled Was Justice Done?, New York, 1956, The Monthly Review Press, is the best point of departure. I could imagine groups of faculty and students under the leader ship of the campus YM and YWCA spending a series of evenings in fruit ful discussion of Professor Sharp's book, and going on from there as the discussion pointed the way. In some such way as this, intelligence, m. formation, and conviction could be brought so bear upon one concrete issue of justice in our present society, and some glimpse be gained of what it means to live not in conformity, but in th. freedom of a transforming faith.

Paul Lehmann
Harvard Divinity School
March. 1959

Ducaling

Further Development in Morton Sobell Case
Since Report to President Eisenhow r was Submitted

January-March, 1960

APPEAL BY DEMOCRATS--The California Damocratic Council, held in Freshe, Cal., and attended by some 3000 delegates representing 30 Congressional districts passed the following resolution uneninously: "Morton Schell is serving his 10th year in prison. He has steadfastly proclaimed his innocence throughout his imprisonment. Many eminent Americans and other world figures including jurists, scientists, clergymen have also expressed substantial doubt as to his guilt. There does exist the possibility of human error in matters of judgment when that judgment has been subjected to the political tensions of the day. The California Democratic Council has traditionally expressed concern for possible infringements upon justice and civil liberty. The California Democratic Council calls upon the President of the United States to review again the facts in the Sobell case and take necessary action to secure ultimate justice."

WASHINGTON MEETING--An important meeting on the Sobell case has been held in Washington, D.C., with appeals being made by Gerhard Van Arkel, noted Washington attorney, and Raymond Wilson, executive secretary of the Friends Committee on National Legislation. The WASHINGTON POST AND TIMES HERALD reported that messages of support were read from Representatives Randall S. Harmon (D-Ind), William H. Meyer (D-Vt), and John A. Blatnik (D-Minn). The WASHINGTON DAILY NEWS also carried a report of the meeting under the heading "Might Be Acquitted Now--Sobell Conviction 'Debatable'."

NOTABLES IN SPECIAL PLEA--A letter has been published in the NEW YORK TIMES (Feb.16) asking release of Morton Sobell and signed by Nathan Glazer, sociologist, Sidney Hook, professor at New York University, Irving Kristol, editor of the REPORTER magazine, and Dwight Macdonald of the NEW YORKER magazine. The signers take the position that even though they believe Sobell guilty, there was very little he was accused of doing and that his imprisonment should now be ended after 10 years. They also recommend release of David Greenglass and Harry Gold on the ground of excessive imprisonment.

ISRAELIS ACT FOR SOBELL--Fifteen eminent persons in Israel have sent a letter to President Eisenhower joining in the appeal for Sobell's freedom made by Lord Bertrand Russell of England and Dr. Martin Buber of Israel. Among those appealing are Dr. E. J. Jarus, Chairman of the Israeli League for the Rights of Man, J. Grunbaum, former Minister of the Interior of the Government of Israel, and Anna Weizmann, Professor Emeritus of the Weizman Institute of Science and sister of Chaim Weizmann.

MINNESOTA EDITORIAL -- An editorial in the WILMAR (Minn) TRIBUNE titled "Seek Release of Sobell" presents the Sobell case as a carry-over from the days of McCarthyism and asserts: "Surely if we want to forget this blot on the history of American freedom, freedom of speech and such, if we admit that a lot of people lost their heads in those days and grievous mistakes were made, then we ought to try to correct one of those mistakes in the case of Sobell."

MARQUIS CHILDS WRITES ON SOBELL--In a column dealing with the effects of the McCarthy era, syndicated columnist Marquis Childs writing in the WASHINGTON POST AND TIMES HERALD and other newspapers throughout the country cited the case of Morton Sobell as a subject which needs re-examination. He wrote: "Undoubtedly, the atmosphere has cleared and one evidence is a re-examination of conscience. Last year the Portland OREGONIAN suggested in an editorial that someday the public conscience might be sufficiently stirred to determine whether Morton Sobell, now serving a 30-year sentence for conspiracy, was convicted of a crime or whether he was a victim of the emotionalism surrounding the Rosenberg case. With the clearing atmosphere there is a growing realization that freedom is not something we periodically pat ourselves on the back about. It is a creative act to be constantly renewed."

CLERGYMEN APPEAL--The Palo Alto Ministerial Association in California has sent the following communication to the Bay Area Council of Sobell Committees: "Convinced that a request for clemency in the case of Morton Sobell is most certainly justified, we, the undersigned of the PALO ALTO MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION submit this letter to you. It is our hope that it will help in the efforts to release Mr. Sobell from prison and to provide for his reunion with his family."

In New York, the BAPTIST MINISTERS CONFERENCE passed a resolution urging Sobell's release and has submitted it to President Eisenhower.

There continues to be an increase in letters from individual clergymen, and many clergymen in various cities are circulating a special appeal already signed by some 700 clergymen.

RADIO STATIONS AIR CASE--Helen Sobell has recently discussed her husband's case over two important programs in Washington, D.C. and in Philadelphia: In Washington she was interviewed by Steve Allison over Station WWDC, and in Philadelphia a taped interview was made by Paul Parker of Station WIP.

I. F. STONE URGES CLEMENCY--Journalist I. F. Stone, in his weekly Washington newsletter of March 7, cites the recent public meeting in Washington as a "significant barometric indicator" of changing times. After reporting the meeting, Stone commented: "This August, Sobell will have been in prison ten years. The severity of his 30-year sentence contrasts with the vagueness of the offense with which he was charged, and the thinness of the threads linking him with the Rosenbergs. Had he been willing to testify against them, he might have escaped indictment. Had he been tried separately, it would have been difficult to convict him. Executive clemency is long overdue."

PABLO CASALS BELIEVES SOBELL INNOCENT--Mrs. Morton Sobell has received a letter in behalf of the renown musician Pablo Casals, written by his wife, Marta Casals. Writing that doctor's health restrictions make it impossible for him to attend a reception in honor of Morton Sobell, although he would like to accept, Mrs. Casals states: "Mr. Casals would like to transmit his best wishes to you and Mr. Sobell and his hopes that you may be successful in your work to secure justice for your husband, as he believes in

CHURCH COUNCIL BULLETIN--The Dcember, 1959, Bulletin of the National Council of Churches of Christ in the U.S.A.'s Department of Religious Liberty has an important recommendation concerning the Sobell case. It says concerning the book "Was Justice Dene?" and the efforts for clemency: "If you have doubts, after examining Prof. Malcolm Sharp's thoughtful and moderate book on Morton Sobell, foreword by Dr. Harold C. Urey, you will probably be moved at least to write to the White House seeking clemency. (Monthly Review Press, \$3.50--can be obtained from the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, 940 Broadway, New York 10, N.Y.)"

MILWAUKEE CLERGY APPEAL-"Six Area Ministers, Rabbi, Join Sobell Clemency Plea" was the headline in the Milwaukee Sentinel of Sunday, March 13. The clergymen have sent the following statement throughout the state of Wisconsin: "We the undersigned, members of the clergy in Milwaukee, have reviewed the trial and sentence of Morton Sobell, who was convicted of conspiracy to commit espionage in 1951 during the height of national hysteria. We firmly believe that regardless of arguments for innocence or guilt of Morton Sobell, there can be no justification for the 30-year sentence imposed upon him on the flimsy evidence presented. Additional evidence in recent years has cast further doubt on the entire case. Documentary material is enclosed indicating Morton Sobell's innocence. We are appealing to the President, asking long-overdue clemency, and urging you to do likewise. All Americans with a sense of justice and concern for right will want to see this blot wiped out from our nation's history. It is still not too late to act in correcting one of the dark shadows hovering over American Jurisprudence. We agree with Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr and his co-signers who said 'Commutation of Sobell's sentence would demonstrate our national capacity for disciplined and humane administration of justice. Thousands of other eminent Americans have added their voices to this appeal. Thousands of Will you join them?" The plea was signed by Rev. Kenneth Smith, Rev. Raymond Ley, Rev. M.J. Battle, Rev. A.C. Pittman, Rev. John W. Cyrus, Rev. Lucius Walker, Jr., and Rabbi David S. Shapiro.

UNITARIAN ARTICLE--The February issue of the <u>Unitarian Register</u> carries an article on the Morton Sobell case by the Reverend Samuel Wright of Marin, California. The article is a condensation of a sermon which he delivered.

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 4119 DATE 3-8-60

CONSISTING OF PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were strended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

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Director FILE # - SAC NOW TORK Title ASAC COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE lsury. FOR MORTON SORELL J Agent SM - C HELEN SORELL 511 - C Acknowledge Open Case Assign......Reassign........ Prepare lead cards Bring file Prepare tickler Call me Recharge serials Correct Return assignment card Return file Deadline passed Return serials Delinquent Search and return Discontinue See me Send Serials.... Expedite File For information Submit new charge-out Initial & return Submit report by Leads need attention Return with explanation or notation as to action entostatic Enclosed for each of the above files are two/copies of each of the following listed memoranda-Memo SA entitled Sobell Committee, dated 7-20-50 covering activity on them SA entitled Sobell Committee, dated 7-20-50 Hemo SA entitled Sobell C mmittee, dated 7-20-50, Wheng report of covering activity on 6-23-60. enlatical Sobell Case, dated 7-22-60 Obeing report of See reverse side

Cleveland, Ohio July 20, 1980

MINO: MAC. CLEVELAND

PROM: BA

RE: SOURCE COMMITTEE



DOCUMENTATION

Bource Description and/ Date
Source or date activity Received Agent Receiving Location

6/28/60 6/24/60 EL 67C 673

Following is a verbatim copy of informant's report:

"June 29, 1880 Cleveland, Ohio

"On June 13, 1950, a meeting was hold to welcome Mills Schmil, wife of Morion Schmil, may in prison in a Federal institution. This meeting was held at the Unitarian Society of Cleveland, 8143 Enclid Avenue, Cleveland. There were about 50 people in attendance, including

Mrs. Related Southern. 100 20243-4

(11) 60: 1 - Chimes (22) 4-

FBI - CLEVELLING

"The secting was chaired by JEAR RCEBINS."
who introduced Erm. SCHELL. Erm. SCHELL gave a long speech, going over the conviction of her husband and stated that he should be free and that he was convicted unjustly. She further went on to state that on the evidence submitted, the ROSEKHERGS should not have been electrocuted. She appealed for funds to assist her and her husband in his fight for freedom.

"After Ers. SOEML's speech a collection was taken 57D

"A greatamount of literature was set out available to those present regarding ECRTON SOBELL and his fight for freedom."

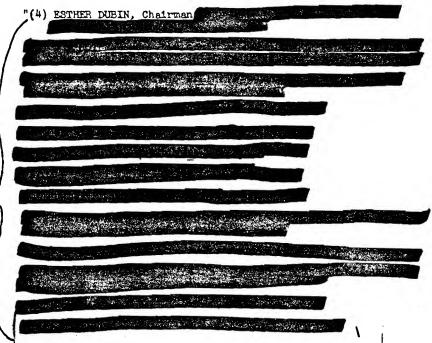
Extreme care should be used in disseminating the above information to paraphrase it so as not to reveal the identity of the informant.

July 22, 1960. FROM: RE SOBELL CASE (100-20243) COPIES TO: 67000 Solute Committee DOCUMENTATION DESCRIPTION AND/ DATE SOURCE OR DATE ACTIVITY RECEIVED AGENT RECEIVING LOCATION 6/23/60 6/29/60 Following is a verbatim copy of informant's report: "Date of Report: 6-23-60 Date of Meeting: 6-23-60 Type of Meeting: To meet HELEN SOBELL and hear her speak in behalf of her fight to free her husband from prison. (The JULIUS ROSENBERG - SOBELL case). Place of Meeting: Channing Hall, The Uniterian Society 8143 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. 8:30 PM to 10:45 Persons in attendance: About 60 present. (1) HELEN SOBELL Speaker

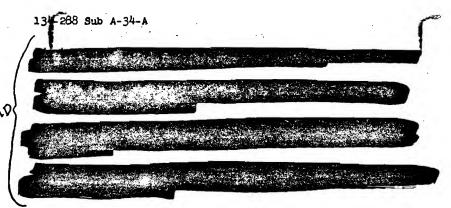
Cleveland, Ohio

34-288 Sub A-34-A

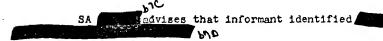
- (2) JEAN ROBINS, 14712 Shaw Ave_ Cleveland introduced speeker
- for the collection that was taken up. He started off by asking for \$10000 donations. There were none. Then he asked for \$5000 (2 were given). Then he kept reducing the requested amount until he was down to accepting 100 bills. Then he insisted that every individual give another 100 each 'for the punch that ESTHER made,' he 510 said. He collected \$30000



b 12

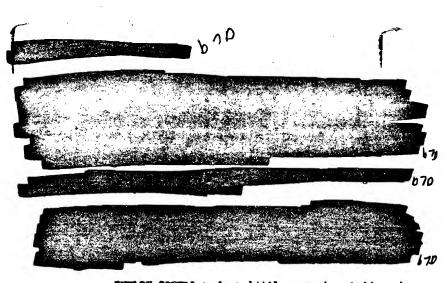


"Details of Meeting: JEAN ROBINS introduced HELEN SOBELL and Mrs. SOBELL gave a brief description of the trial and the events of the last 10 years. She condemed the prosecution miserably. Also the law inforcement agents (she said 'the government men or F.B.I. men') who Kidnaped her husband from Mexico. She claims MORTON is innocent of any crime. She did say that when in high school and college they did support a slightly left wing group but had never been communists. A question period followed Mrs. SOBELL's talk. A new firm of attorneys in New York 'DONNER, ? & ?



Extreme care should be used in disseminating the above information to paraphrase it so as not to reveal the identity of the informant.

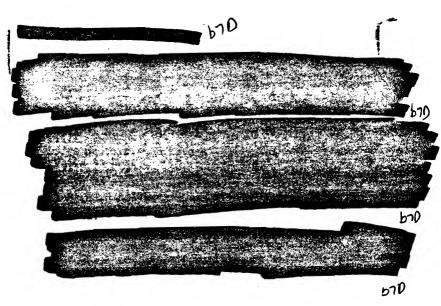
Cleveland, Ohio July 20, 1960 BAC, CLEVELAND SOBELL COMMITTEE EE: 100-754 CC: New york sa: Solvell com DOCUMENTATION Deportation and/ Date Agest Receiving Location or date actity Roceived BOUTOG 670 670 610 ЬID Following is a verbatin copy of informant's report: b7D REE/DO (8) 00-20243



"EXAM SOZIL bade a little speech, stating she knew her husband was innocent; that he had spent 16 years in jail when he shouldn't have spent a minute; that her husband had been kidnapped from Mexico; that he should not have been tried with the ROBENERRON; many well known people who had rend the case did not agree with the occuriation; that she was undertaking a drive to get ECETOH out of emstedy by Christmas, and that a meeting would be held in Washington in Nov. 1830 to try to effect his release; if the President does not grant clement to ECETOH SOEKLL, every effort will be made to have his paroled.



There were many leaflets, broke, etc., pertaining to the SORML case, distributed



Fith the above report, informant furnished the following literature:

(1) Fraphlet, "Then Conscionce Speaks"

1, 3

- (2) Pamphiet, "The Cage of Porton Sobola"
- (3) Partial list of Signers in Cleveland area of Appeal to the President on Pobelf of Morton Febell.
- (4) "Benclutions" by Cleveleni Committee in Behalf of Justice for Morton School.
- (5) "Appeal to the President on Reivili of Korton Sobell,"
- (6) "A Frong to be Eighted?" isomed by "The Committee to Becure Justice for Morton School," New York City.

Entreme care should be used in discominating the above information to paraphrase it so no not to several the identity of the informant.

FILE # _	100-107111				
SUBJECT	ROSENBERG/	SOBELL	COMM	ITTEE	
SERIAL	4120	D#	TE.	88-60	
- CONSISTIN	G OF	2	•	PAGES	

FILE # _	100-10711	1	
SUBJECT	ROSENBERG/SO	BELL COMM	IITTEE
SERIAL _	1514	DATE	8-9-60
CONSISTIN	G OF	1	PAGE#

PLAIN TITT

ISTEL

REGISTER D MAIL

TO : Director, FEI (100-387835)

PRON : SAC, Philadelphia (100-37667)

SUBJECT: COMMETTE TO SEPARE JUSTICS

FOR MORTON ESPIELL;

IS - C Our New York TRAL

on 8/8/60, who has furnished reliable information in the past, siviled SA that the Philodelphiable Sobell Committee (PSC), local affiliate of orgitional organization, sponsored a garden party burday, 8/7/60, at 839 Cricket Hood, Secans, Pa. The purpose of this party was to honor the Afth birthday of Hrs. NOS: 808/81, souther of H 7008 8/166. Approximately 22 persons attended this affair.

JEAN D. FRANTIIS, an officer of the FEC, suncemed that plans were in the suking for a mass visitation to Desaington, D. C., and the White House by delegations from various status on behalf of MONTON SOBILL. FRANTIES said the FEC hoped to organize a trainloady of people to participate in this mass denomination; however, the gave no additional details regarding this protocold activity.

- 3 Bureau (100-387835) (R4)
- 1 Bew York (Info) (Ru) 1 - Washington Field (Info) (Ru)
- 3 Philadelphia
 - 1 100-37667
 - 1 102-12205-rub / (cre/c labrary)

JSJ:tap

SI AVET ON TO THE

10 y

PH 100-37667

CINAL

379

party. In her speech she, too, made reference to the Eastington, D. C., visit but furnished no particulars.

On the date of contact, the injury at identified J.A., D. FRANTJIS as a sember of a Communist Party of Sectors Penasylvania and Delaware.

PROMINGS

8/10/60
PLAIN TEXT
CONFICT AL

TO: DIRECTOR, F BI
FROM: BAC, NEW YORK (100-107111)

SUBJECT: COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
FOR MORTON SOBELL

IS - C (00: New York)



Enclosed are five copies of letterhead memorandum concerning this matter.

CHASSIFIED BY 4913 08 AM 3.2-78
EMEPT FIGURES FROM THE TOTAL THE CONTROL OF THE TOTAL THE T

1 - New York (100-10/111)

RCBIMEM (6)

HELINATURE CHAIR CHAIR CONTROL CONTROL

SEARCHED INDEXED SERVALIZED TILED AUG 12 1960
AUG 12 1960
FOR TOPICS ORK

CONT.

New York, New York August 10, 1960

CONFIDERMAL

Re: Counittee to Secure Justice
for Horton Sobell
Internal Security - C



The above source was not furnished any details concerning the proposed letter.

This document contains neither recommendations
nor conclusions of the Federal Eureau of Investigation.
It is the property of the Federal Eureau of
Investigation and is a loan to your agency; it
and its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

New York (100-10/111)

H-100-107111- UIS

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies Ethel and Julius Rosenberg in June 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon Morton Sobell,' the Rosenbergs' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case - a communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October 1953 and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Porton Sobell in the Rosenberg case'"

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated January 2, 1957, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 50.)

In September, 1954 the name Retional Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the surrent name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobeld," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1959-1960 Borough of Manhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

(check appropriate blocks) by telephone by mail recording device written by Informant if stally futnished and reduced to writing by Agent: Dictated Date(s) of activity Transcribed Authenticated A Seamon Stratere Comoun coment of Party in the half of Morton Sobell campaten to be tield on 8/27/60 at apartment of Cunette Rukin 2) Eight page frinted summary of a meeting held at the Community Church of Thought on Vilag 24, 1960 in behalf of Ticedon for Morton Schell. Log 18/043,1094,100

D-304 (3-21-58)

FILE # _	100-107	111	
SUBJECT	ROSENBERG/	SOBELL COM	MITTEE
SERIAL _	4124	DATE	8-12-60
CONSISTIN		3	PAGES Which
under (b) to Execut informati source.	from disclo (1) as it hative Order 11 on which wou	s been cla 652 as it ld disclos	ssified pursuant

١.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT EMORANDUM

TO

SAC, NEW YORK (100-107111) (41) Date: 8/12/60

FROM

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL SUBJECT:

IS-C

Identity of Source:

who has furnished reliable info in past (conceal)

Description of info: Committee To Secure Justice for MORTON SOBELL

Date Received:

Received by:

Fratien) 57C

Griginal located:

A copy of informant's report follows:

1C RCB: tmb

NY 00-107111

By FD-306 dated 8/5/60, there has been submitted for the Sobell Committee file (NY 100-107111) items distributed at the above party as follows: (1) Unsigned form letter addressed to President D.D. EISENHOWER requesting that MORTON SOBELL's sentence be commuted to time served. (2) Reprint from the Intercollegian, April, 1959, of article "The Case of MORTON SOBELL."
(3) Three page mimeographed report dated January - March, 1960, entitled "Further Developments in MORTON SOBELL Case Since Report to President EISENHOWER was Submitted."

FILE # _	100-10/1	.11			_
SUBJECT	ROSENBERG/S	OBE	LL COM	MITTEE	_
SERIAL _	4/27		DATE	7,26-6	0
CONSISTIN	G OF	1		PAGES	

UNITED STATES GOVE MENT $^{arepsilon}Memorandar{u}m$

SAC, NEW YORK (100-107111)

8 A 5/60

SAC, NEWARK (100-36202)

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

IS - C: ISA of 1950

(OO: NEW YORK)

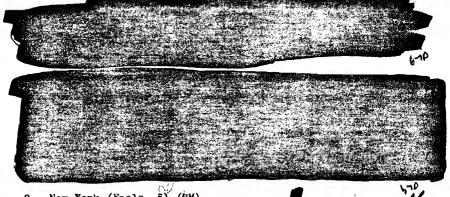
On 8/2/60,

(conceal identity), a source

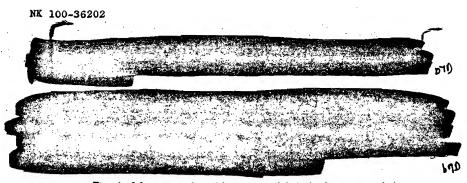
made available the following information:

670

On 6/22/60, an article was published in the Ukrainianlanguage edition of "Svoboda", captioned "Churchmen In Defense Of Spies". This article criticized a rally which was held at the Community Church of New York, 40 East 35th Street, New York City, 5/24/60, on behalf of MORTON SOBELL, as well as the half-page advertisement, which appeared in the "New York Times", 6/20/60, reporting on the above rally. A translation of the above article is enclosed. It is noted that report of SA dated 7/26/60, refers to the above rally and advertisement.



2 New York (Encls. 5) (RM) 2 Newark Ace 131088 Jun 1092 WHR: amo (4)



The half-page advertisement which had appeared in on page 20 of the "New York Times", 6/20/60, was purportedly published by the SPONSORS OF THE SOBELL DISCUSSION MEETING AT THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF NEW YORK, on 5/24/60, P. O. Box 343, Madison Square Station, New York 10, New York. This advertisement contained excerpts from speeches made by the various speakers at the above meeting. Included among the speakers was "HOWARD RADEST, Minister and leader of the Bergen, N.J. Ethical Society", who took an offering of \$965.00, contributed by the audience toward purchase of advertising space. He also was a speaker at the meeting.



Above for information.

pl

FEDE	RAL BUREA	AU OF IN	/ESTIGATION	
REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
MINNE POLIS	NEW YORK	8/17/60	7/5 ~ 8/16/60	•
TITLE OF CASE		REPORT MADE BY		njw
COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL		CHARACTER OF	676	

SYNOPSIS:

REFERENCE: Report of SA Minneapolis.

.a.

ated 1/27/60 at

~ P* -

ADMINISTRATIVE

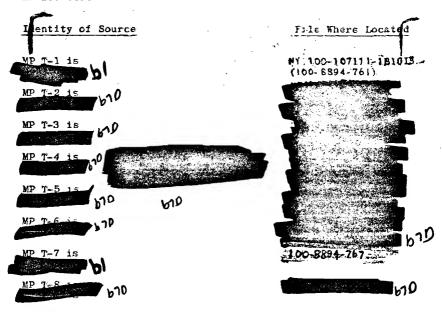
This report is stamped confide al inasmuch as it contains information furnished by MP T-4 pertaining to finances and officers of the Minnesota Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably result in the identification of a valuable and current informant.

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and T symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.

INFORMANTS

Pi , PRD	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW			
5- Bureau (100-387835)		/ .	',	4158	
1 - ONI, Chicago (RM) 1 - OSI, Chicago (RM) 1 - G-2, St. Paul (RM)	,		.,		
2 - Minneapolis (100-889	94)				

MP 100-8894



LEADS

MINNEAPOLIS

AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

 $\label{thm:post} \mbox{Will submit report in six months regarding activities} \\ \mbox{of the Minnesota Sobell Committee.}$

- B* COVER PAGE

STATES DEPARTMENT OF J FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

- ONI, Chicago

- OSI, Chicago

Date:

. St. Paul

Office Minneapolis, Minnesota

8/17/60

Field Office File No.: Minneapolis 100-8894

Bureau File No.: 100-387835

Title:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE POR MORTON SOBELL

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C and SWP

Synopsis:

Minnesota Sobell Committee is an affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Norton Sobell. Officers are JEAN BRUST, chairman and general secretary; JULIA ZUBAY, recording secretary; and J. H. CARROLL, financial secretary, all members or recent members of the SMP. Committee meets approximately every two weeks; however, activity of the Committee has been

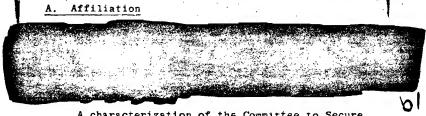
linnesota Soboli Committae continues to controlled locally by SWP.

DETAILS:

The Socialist Workers Party (SWP) and the Communist Party, USA (CP) have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450,

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBL. It is the property of the FBI

ORGANIZATION



A characterization of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell appears in the appendix to this report.

On March 23, 1960, MP T-2 made available information concerning the National Sobell Nork Meeting held on Morch 19 and 20, 1960 at the McBurney YMCA, 215 West 25 Street, New York City, New York. This meeting, according to MP T-2, reviewed the work of the Sobell Committee in the past and pinpointed necessary work to be done in the future to obtain the release of Morton Sobell. MP T-2 advised that one of the individuals attending the above Work Meeting was JULIA ZUBAnafrom Minneapolis, Minnesota.

the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobeli is attempting to contact influential people in Washington, D. C. in an effort to get the ratio of Morton Sobell back into the courts.

the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell back into the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell had in 1959 received \$33,569.19 and had spent \$33,032.95.

MP T-3 on June 6, 1960 advised that as of June, 1960, the Minnesota Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell was an affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and that the prime objective of the affiliate and of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell was to obtain the release of MORTON SOBELL from prison.

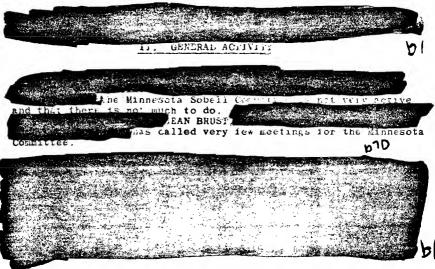
MP 100-8894

On August 2, 1960, MP T-4 advised that as of July, 960, the Minnesota Committee was an affiliate of the Committee of Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and that the Minnesota committee accured much of its direction and advice from the National Committee.

B. Officers

MP T-4 on August 2/1960 advised that as of July, 1960, the following were the officers of the Minnesota Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell:

JEAN BRUST, state chairman and general secretary JULIA ZUBAY, recording secretary J. H. CARROLL, financial secretary



MP T-6 on March 23, 1960 made available an open letter dated March 11, 1960, emanating from the headquarters of the Minnesota Committee to Secure Justice for Monton Sobell over the signature of JEAN BRUST. This letter enclosed a copy of

MP 100-8894

resolution passed by the California Democratic Council conterning MORTON SOBELL. The resolution was passed February 14, 1960. The resolution reads as follows:

"MORTON SOBFIL is serving his tenth year in prison. He has steadfastly proclaimed his innocence throughout his imprisonment.

"Many eminent Americans and other world figures including jurists, scientists, clergymen have also expressed substantial doubt as to his guilt.

"There does exist the possibility of human error in matters of judgment when that judgment has been subjected to the political tensions of the day.

"The California Democratic Council has traditionally expressed concern for possible infringements upon justice and civil liberty.

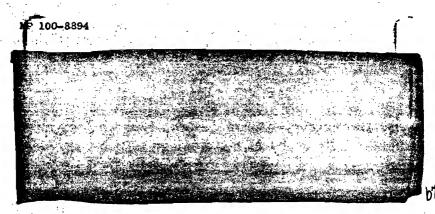
"The California Democratic Council calls upon the President of the United States to review again the facts in the Sobell case and take necessary action to secure ultimate justice."

The above letter stressed the urgent need for financial aid and also enclosed a reprint of an editorial appearing in the "West Central Daily Tribune." William, Manesota, concerning MORTON SOBELL. This editorial appeared on January 25, 1960 and was written by O. B. AUGUSTSON, editor, "West Central Daily Tribune." The editorial is as follows:

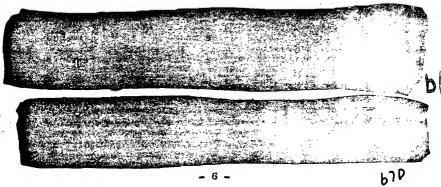
"During the hysteria of the Korean War and the now deplored era of the witch hunters and McCarthyism a man by the name of MORTON SOBEL was convicted on the charge of conspiracy to commit espicinage. He was given a 30 year sentence and has already served ten years of them in prison. Last Thanksgiving Day a petition signed by many eminent people, including many of the clergy appealed to President EISENHOWER to release SOBELL and commute his sentence. As part of this some 30 labor organizations on the West

coast carried an article entitled 'A Wrong to Be Righted.' The efforts in behalf of the imprisoned man proved of no avail at that time. Now a new appeal has been made to the president from the national headquarters of the Committee to Secure Justice for Horton Sobell. Again it will be pointed out that SOBELL became a victim of hysteria and the overzealous witch hunters, that the only witnesses that gave testimony connecting SCBELL with the conspiracy charge was MAX ELITCHER who admitted on the witness stand that he had porjured himself on another matter, and that SCRELL's case should have been tried separately from the atomic espionage accusations of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSEMBERG. was mighty flimsy evidence and an unduly harsh sentence. The whole legality of the trial and the sentence are being challenged. Seems to us that Americans generally would like to forgot that period when many innocent people were villified and besmirched while the 1000% se-called patriots ran wild to see whom they might devour. DeCARTIN himself underwent consure. The period is one that found many in high places too frightened to speak out. Now they do when the heat is off. Surely if we want to forget this blot on the history of American freedom, freedom of speech and such, if we admit that a lot of people lost their heads in those days and grievous mistakes were made, then we ought to try to correct one of those mistakes in the case of SOCELL. During there hysterical days there were many informers whith reputations were bad in the first place, on top of that they were later exposed as confirmed liars - yet in the eagerness to get victims their testimony was solded upon with glee but with not too much of honesty or qualms of conscience. Reminds one of the terrible days of the Inquisition when any irresponsible talk on the street was apt to send the hapless victim to the stake."





In the May 18, 1960 issue of the "Minnesota Daily," the official newspaper of the University of Kinnesota, it was reported on Page 7 that WIDGW NUMMAN began a Midwest tour to organize regional committees to influence reconsideration of the case of MORTON SOBELL, who has served 10 years of a 30-year sentence in Poderal prison for espicinage as an accomplice of executed atom spies JULIUS and ETHEL ROBANETG. The article reported NEWMAN as stating that she believed SOBELL was innocent and that his conviction was solely the result of one perjured witness, MAX ELITCHER. The article reported NEWMAN as stating that she began her work in behalf of MORTON SOBELL as a result of a mass meeting held in Los Angeles, California in 1953 and that through the effort of people interested in MORTON SOBELL there are now some 25 major cities which have organized committees in behalf of MORTON SOBELL.



The June 8, 1960 issue of the "Minneapolis Star," a metropolitan newspaper, reported that Mrs. MORTON SOBELL, wife of the convicted any would speak on june 16, 1960 at a public

The June 8, 1960 issue of the "Minneapolis Star," a metropolitan newspaper, reported that Mrs. MORTON SOBELL, wife of the convicted sry, would speak on June 16, 1960 at a public meeting in the Unity Unitarian Church St. Paul, Minnesota. The article further reported that Mrs. SOBELL has been appealing for help to free her husband for a period of nine years.

The June 16, 1960 issue of the "Minneapolis Star" reported that Mrs. MORTON SOBELL was presently in the Twin Cities seeking aid for her husband, MORTON SOBELL. The article reported that Mrs. SOBELL stated that the feels that this is the year her husband will be free to come home, culminating a 10-year battle which has been fortified by a knowledge of her husband's innocence and the belief that the truth would become known. The article added that Mrs. SOBELL would speak at a public meeting at the Unity Church, St. Paul, Minnesota, at 8:00 p.m. that date.

On June 20, 1960, MP T-8 advised that on June 16, 1960, a public meeting was sponsored by the Minnesota Sobell Committee at the Unity Unitarian Church, St. Paul, Minnesota, and that HELEN SOBELL was the principal speaker. MP T-8 advised that Mrs. SOBELL stated that her husband had been sentenced to 30 years in prison for a crime that he did not commit and that he has now served ten years of the 30 years with good conduct. Mrs. SOBELL emotionally appealed to the audience pointing out the love his family had for him and their desire to live together again as a family. Mrs. SOBELL pointed out that her husband was convicted solely on the false testimony of MAX ELITCHER, who was mentally unbalanced and had for a long time been under the care of a psychiatrist. She pointed out that many professional men in the legal field, after reviewing the transcript of the conspiracy trial, were of the opinion that MORTON SOBELL was innocent and that he is unjustly confined. MP T-8 advised that in a guestion and answer period that followed an individual from the audience, who was a member of the American Legion, asked Mrs. SOBELL that if MORTON SOBELL was innocent, why did he and his family flee to Mexico? Mrs. SOBELL answered that they did not flee to Mexico, that they went there as a result of a planned trip and that MORTON SOBELL was interested in attempting to find work in Mexico. Mrs. SOBELL stated that while they did not have a visa to

MP 100-8894

nter Mexico, they did have a tourist card and that is all that is required. Mrs. SOBELL continued by stating that in Mexico they had rented an apartment in their own name and made no attempt to make it appear that they were other than who they actually were. MP T-8 advised that approximately 55 individual attended the meeting

On June 24, 1960, MP T-4 advised substantially the same information.

MP T-4 on August 2, 1960 advised that the Minnesota Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell meets approximately every other week.

III. FINANCES



IV. SUBVERSIVE RAMIFICATIONS



On August 2, 1960, MP T-4 advised that the Minnesota Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell was, as of July, 1960, controlled and dominated by the SWP locally and that its officers were all members of the SWP, as were the majority of the members of its Working Committee.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Reply, ase Refer to

lease Refer to 11e No. 100-8894

> Minneapolis, Minnesota August 17, 1960

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL INTERNAL SECURITY - C and SWP

Confidential informants and sources referred to in the report of Special Agent dated August 17, 1960 at Minneapolis, Minnesota, in captioned matter, have furnished reliable information in the past.

This is the property of the FBI; it is loaned to you by the FBI, and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loaned.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

n Reply, lease Refer to lile No. 100-8894

> Minneapolis, Minnesota August 17, 1960

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL 1NTERNAL SECURITY - C and SWP

Confidential informants and sources referred to in the report of Special Agent dated August 17, 1960 at Minneapolis, Minnesota, in captioned matter, have furnished reliable information in the past.

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FILE #	100-107111			
SUBJECT	ROSENBERG	/SOBELL	COM	ITTEE
SERIAL	4130		ATE	8-22-60
CONSISTI	NG OF	2		PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number

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Director, FBI (100-387835)
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SAC, Atlanta (100-4953)

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IS - C IS ACT OF 1950 (OO - NEW YORK)

On 8/26/60.

Beth Jacob Spragogut,
Atlanta, and the head of this Symmotic is
Rabbi FELDMAN, a close friend

advised that Rabbi FELDMAN does not visit the U.S. Penitentiary very often, and does not believe he is familiar with SOBELL or the espionage case for which he was convicted.

Said that Rabbi FELDIAN reported to him some activity which believes would be of interest to the FBI.

FELDMAN related to in early August, 1963, that about three weeks previously he was invited to a luncheon by Rabbi ROTHSCHILD of The Atlanta Temple. It was FELDMAN's understanding that ROTHSCHILD had been invited by an Emory University Law Professor as were about one dozen other ministers, both Protestant and Catholic. The meeting was actually a luncheon

2 - Bureau RM - New York (100-107111)(ff) 2 - Atlanta RRN:mel (5) SE+ 2 1980 U

AT 100-4953

held at the Quaker House and was arranged in order to give HELEN SOBELL and the Law Professor an opportunity to present MORTON SOBELL's case in a favorable way, i.e., to show he is innocent of Espionage charges of which he was convicted in the early 1950's, and sentenced to thirty years.

FELDMAN told the law professor did most of the speaking and HELEN SOBELL made a short speech. FELDMAN stated most of the clergy appeared to be very much impressed with the case made for MORTON SOBELL by the Professor. FELDMAN said the Professor and HELEN SORELL handed out some literature stating the case for MORTON SOBELL and promised to mail more literature in the future. They presented a petition asking that MORTON be released, which carried signatures of many New York ministers, priests and Rabbis as well as numerous prominent persons. FELDMAN also told he believed the Professor and HELEN SOBELL plan to hold more meetings in Atlanta in the future and will probably attempt to get signatures to the petition at that time. They did not ask anyone to sign at the above luncheon, but merely requested those present to study the case as presented in the literature.

67D



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Atlanta requests Eureau authority to interview ROTHSCHILD for more details of the above deteribed luncheon. Atlanta will attempt to determine the identity of the Eury Law Professor and from other details attempt to ascertain the subversive influences, if any, presently working in Atlanta among the clergy or on campus. P.

SAC, NEW YORK



COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IS - C

Enclosed is the original and five copies of a letterhead memorandum, dated and captioned as above.

The informant who furnished information concerning Reverend MARTIN LUTHER KING's agreement to support captioned organization is

This document is classified "Confinctial" inasmuch as it contains information from a confidential informant, the unauthorized disclosure of which might jeopardize her future effectiveness and be detrimental to the national defense.

2-Bureau (100-387835) (Encls. 6) (RM)
1-New York (100-141567) (Committee to Defend MARTIN LUTHEN KING)
1-New York (100-107111)
1
JPM: jmk
(5)

Jeffeled hur

141 V

ROWER SAL

New York, New York August 31, 1969

Bureau 100-387835

Re: Committee to Secure Justice for Forton Scholl Internel Goourity - C

A confidential informat adviced to the state of the land of the state of the land of the state o

Martin Ruther Ring, prouded the particular from Birmingham, Alabama, declared in a letter addressed to the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, ever the signature of his secretary, that he would be happy to lond his support for obtaining freedom for Morton Shell, 10

"The confidential informant who furnished the aforementioned information has Armished reliable information in the past,

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is lessed to your appropriate and its contents are not to be distributed entaider where appropriate with a porter.

6-Bureau (100-387835) (RM)
1-New York (100-141567) (Committee to Defend MARTIN LUTHER KING)
1-New York (100-107111)

JPM: jmk (9)

PJZ



FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 7135 DATE 8-31-60

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,

CONSISTING OF 30 PAGES OF WHICH

PAGE 2

under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ReportinPHTLADELPHIA	occurNEW YORK	"""8/31/60	im 8720 1. 25/60	0		
COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - C; ISA of 1950				
Synopala: Report	, SA	rhiladelp	hia, 2/19/60.			
•		Teads				

PHILADELPHIA

AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Will follow and report the activity of the Philadelphia Sobell Committee and the Lower Bucks County Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell.

Approved	Special Agent in Charge	Po not write in spares below
2 - Bureau (100-387) 2 - G-2, Philadelph 1 - ONI, Philadelph 1 - OSI, Olmsted Ai 2 - New York (100-1	ia (RM) ia (RM) ir Force Base (RM) 107111)(RM)	100-107111-41 33
2 - Philadelphia (1	100-37667)	

FILE STRIPPED 3/170

Property of FEI - This report is leaned to you by the FBI, and writing it has it will be distributed our just

the agency to which loaned.

Administrative Data

- Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed in this report and T symbols have been utilized only where necessary.

This report is classified confunctial since information furnished by PHT-1, PHT-9, PHT-10, PHT-11, PHT-12, PHT-13, PHT-15, PHT-16, PHT-17 and PHT-18 could reasonably result in the identification of informants of continuing value and compromise the future effectiveness thereof.

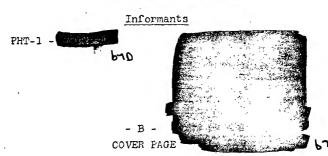
Copies of this report are being designated for G-2, ONI and OSI for information.

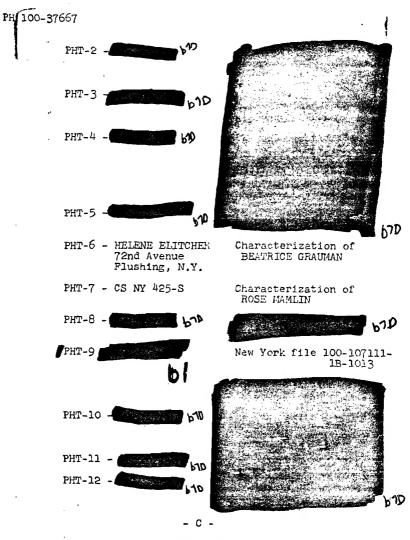
advised on that he attended the Philadelphia Schell Committee meeting conducted in Philadelphia This information was not included in the details of the report because of the small number in attendance at this affair and in order not to reveal the extent of the Bureau's coverage of this meeting.

The data furnished by is located in Philadelphia file

the Philadelphia Sobell Committee meeting on This information was not included in the details of the report for the same reason stated in the preceding paragraph.

The information furnished by is located in Philadelphia file





COVER PAGE

PH 100-37667

PHT-15 - PH 547-S*

PHT-16 - PH 548-S*

PHT-17 - 60 510

PHT-18 - 670 610

PHT-19 - 610

(Panel Source)

Informants Used to Document Organizations

Jewish Program Service Committee (Sholem Aleichem Club)

Lower Bucks County Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell

Philadelphia Sobell Committee

Philadelphia Social Science Forum Committee





UNI STATES DEPAREMENT OF JUSTE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONFIDENTIAL

Copy to

Report of:

Dates

2 - G-2, Philadelphia 1 - ONI, Philadelphia

1 - OSI, Olmsted Air Force Base, Pa.

1

Office: Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Bureau File #:100-387835

Field Office File 4: Philadelphia 100-37667

Title:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

Characters

INTERNAL SECURITY - C INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Synopsiss

Organization continues to utilize residence of FEARL CHERTOV, 2708 West Sterner Street, Philadelphia, as its headquarters. Contributions from Philadelphia on behalf of MORTON SOBELL reportedly totaled \$1,111,60, in 1959, and Philadelphia's quote for 1960 is \$1.500 and in the street of the street

. P# .

Details:

All addresses mentioned in this report are located in Philadelphia, Pa., unless otherwise indicated.

Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Schell is characterized in the Appendix Section of this report.

CONFIDE TIAL

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions r. Fdl. It is the property at the FBI and is lossed to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside you before.



Subversive Affiliations of Officers

PEARL CHERTOV

On January 19, 1959, PHT-2 advised that PIARL CHERTOV was at that time a member of the Philadelphia Branch, Socialist Workers Party (SWP).

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

HARRIET FAHEY

PHT-3 advised on December 23, 1959, that HARIETT FAHEY was a member of the Communist Party of Eastern Pennsylvania and Decaware (CPEPD) from about 1946 to 1954.



The Communist Party USA, its affiliates and subdivisions, have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

SARAH EPSTEIN

PHT-5 advised on June 22, 1954, that SARAH EPSTEIN, 5745 North Fairhill Street, was a member of Lodge 169 of the International Workers Order in 1953.

The IWO has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- 3

FREDA RAPPAPORT

PHT-2 advised on January 26, 1959, that although FREDA RAPPAPORT was not a member of the Philadelphia Branch of the SWP, she was a very close sympathizer.

JEAN FRANTJIS

PHT-4 reported on February 12, 1960, that as of this date JEAN FRANTJIS was a member of the CPEPD.

BEATRICE GRAUMAN

PHT-6 has advised that BEATRICE GRAUMAN was a member of the Communist Party (CP) in Wesnington, D.C., from 1943 to 1948.

D.C., From 1945 to 1940.

ROSE MAMLIN

PHT-7 advised on January 16, 1949, and April 17, 1952, that ROSE MAMLIN became a member of Lodge 496, Jewish People's Fraternal Order (JPFO) of the IWO in March 1947 and was a member of this Lodge as of April 1952.

The JPFO of the IWO has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

LILLIAN MILLMAN



HENRIETTA OSTROY

OSTROY as having attended a Section Committee

meeting of the Southwest Section, CPEPD

ROBERT PETERSEN

200

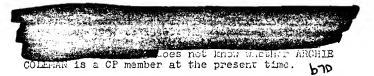
On September 13, 1956, PHT-1 reported that ROBERT PETERSEN joined the Franklin Roosevelt Club of the American Youth for Democracy (AVD) is Philadelphia

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The AYD has been esignated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

ARCHIE COLEMAN

On July 18, 1958, PHT-3 advised that he had known COLEMAN Informant advised that during this period COLEMAN had been devoted to the CP.



Headquarters

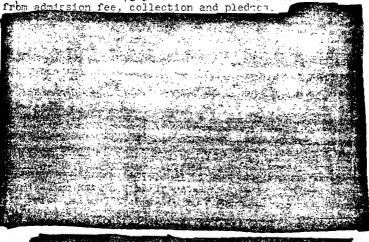
PHT-1 reported on August 12, 1960, that the PSC has no headquarters in Philadelphia but utilizes the residence of PEARL CHERTOV, 2708 West Sterner Street, as it; headquarters and mailing address.

Funds

affair held on December 10, 1959, at 5745 North Fairhill

600

Street which featured HELEN SOBELL as the speaker. It was announced that \$303 was realized from this affeir

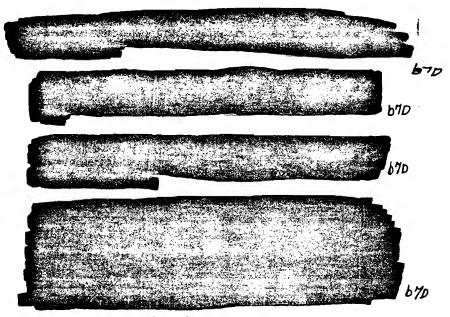


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identified on February 2, 1944, HELEN GUILLIE (HELEN SOBELL, Mrs. MORTON SOBELL), as a member of Education and Literature Committee of the CP, in Washington, D.C., as of February 1, 1944.

PHT-8 advised that JUIES
ABERCAUPH attended a meeting of the South Police
delphia Section. CPEPD,
At this meeting ALMIO.UPH
commented that he had been a member of the CP for 670
40 years and would be lost without the CP.





On March 8, 1960, PHT-9 furnished a document relating to and captioned "Financing Work of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell." According to this document, funds for operating the National Committee come "from thousands upon thousands of individuals through their devoted contributions." This item compiled the budget figures for the year 1959 under the caption "Where the Money Came From in 1959," listing most of the large cities in the United States and the amount of contributions from each city. Philadelphia was listed as having contributed \$1,111.60 during 1959.

The above document also listed the following

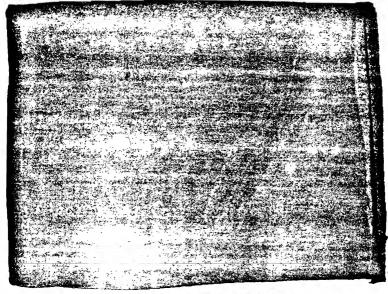
Total contributions	_	\$33,569,19
Total Paid Expenditures	-	\$33,569.19 34,032.95 17,996.42
Total Debts	-	17,996.42
Budget for 1960	-	50,815. 0 0

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The above item also states that for raising the necessary funds for 1960, national quotus have been suggested for each city. The city of Philadelphia is listed under the "Eastern Region" with a suggested quota of \$1,500.

General Activities









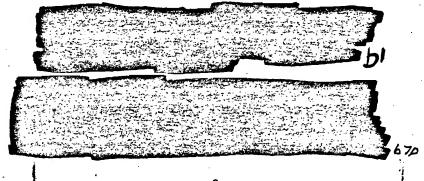
Sold Committees throughout the country were making all officers to wat Matter Schell in the limelight.

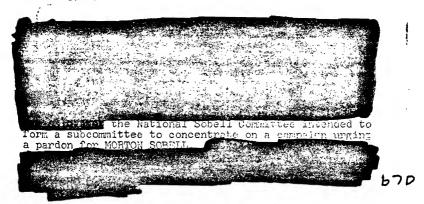
American Friends Service Committee (A.S.) was going to sponsor a forum in Texas and that PSC hoped to arrange for HELEN SOBELL to appear at this forum. However, no other details concerning this forum in Texas were discussed.

The purpose of these visits was to obtain contributions to the PSC.



The Sholem Aleichem Club, a component part of the Jewish Program Service Committee, is characterized in the Appendix Section of this report.





PHT-10 advised on March 8, 1960, that a luncheon honoring HELEN SOBELL was sponsored by the PSC on March 7, 1960, at Tarello's Restaurant, 1623 Chestnut Street. The admission for this luncheon was \$2.25 a plate and it was attended by about 75 persons.

PHT-10 advised HELEN SOBELL gave a speech on her struggle to obtain the freedom of her husband, MORTON SOBELL, who is currently confined in a Federal prison. She said it was her firm conviction that her husband would soon be freed and the last step for him to gain freedom was up to President EISENHONER. She urged those present to assist her in this struggle. Informant advised that at each place setting there was an envelope, and those present were requested to deposit a contribution in these envelopes. It was announced that over \$300 had been donated during this luncheon. Before HELEN SOBELL departed, she announced that she had an appointment to appear on a Philadelphia radio station following the luncheon.

PHT-11 reported on March 23, 1960, that a "National Sobell Work Meeting" was held March 19 and 20, 1960, at the McBurney YMCA, 215 West 23rd Street, New York, N.Y. The purpose of this meeting was to review

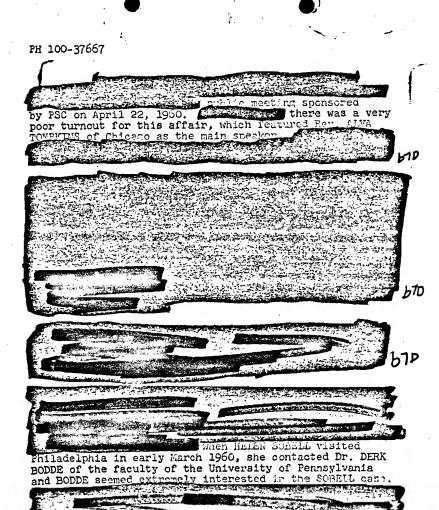
past activities on the part of the Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON SOBELL and to formulate a plan of action for the future in order to gain MORTON SOBELL's release from prison. PHT-ll stated that approximately 21 persons attended this meeting from various areas of the United States. The informant identified JEAN FRANTJIS of Philadelphia in attendance.

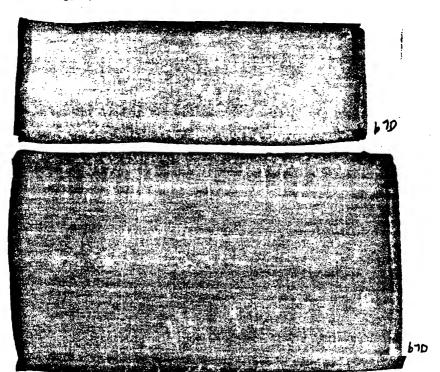
PHT-1 advised on April 20, 1960, the FSC would sponsor a meeting at the Central YNCA, 1421 Arch Street, on April 22, 1960. The guest speaker for this affair, according to an announcement received by the informant, was Rev. ALVA TOMPKINS of the Olivet Presbyterian Church, Chicago, Ill. Informant stated that the announcement described Rev. TOMPKINS as the inlutator of an appeal to clergymen of Chicago to work for the freedom of MORTON SOBELL. PHT-1 stated that this item also reflected that Rev. TOMPKINS was visiting Washington, D.C., on April 19 - 21, 1960, to implement further support of the SOBELL case through Executive and Judicial channels and that he planned to stay over at a number of Esstern cities, including Philadelphia. on his return to Chicago.

On April 28, 1960, PHT-12 advised that the PSC sponsored a meeting at the Central YMCA, 1421 Arch Street, on Friday, April 22, 1960. JEAN FRANTJIS served as Chairman and introduced the main speaker, Rev. ALVA TOMPKINS, a Presbyterian minister from Chicago, Ill. Rev. TOMPKINS spoke on his activities in the interest of justice for MORTON SOBELL. He said that his study of the case had convinced him that SOBELL was innocent and urged those in attendance to lend their assistance to win SOBELL's freedom. PHT-12 advised that chart 02 persons attended this affair

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PHT-10 advised on April 25, 1960, and PHT-13 advised on April 27, 1960, that the PSC sponsored a meeting at the Central YMCA, 1421 Arch Street on April 22, 1960. These informants advised that they attended this meeting and both furnished substantially the same information regarding this affair as PHT-12.





The Lower Bucks County Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON SOBELL is characterized in the Appendix Section of this report.

PHT-14 reported on April 25, 1952, that although he had no specific information which would indicate Communist activity or membership on the part of Dr. DERK BODDE, it was indicated to the informant as a result of BODDE's statements and activities that BODDE might have Communist sympathy or be involved in Communist activities.

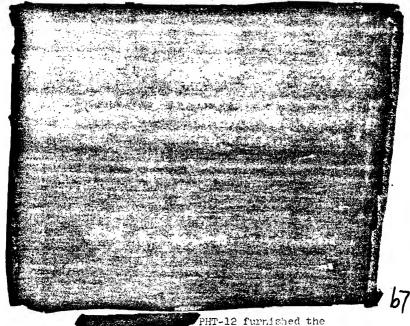
PHT-4 advised on April 1, 1957, that as of March 1957 SOL ROTENBERG was a member of the District Committee, CPEPD.

The parties and the same of th St. Ann's Avenue, Eronx, N.Y., advised during 1950 that the SOBELL family had resided at this address from July 1931 to December 1940. lieved ROSE SOBREL to be a Cr member he could not confirm her as a the CP or Communist front organization.

Informant advised that Rev. MC CORMACK stated that he and Rev. GAEDE had been traveling together for the past eight weeks from the West Coast to the East Coast in connection with the MCRTON SOBELL casc. He stated that on May 16, 1960, they called on Chief Justice of the Supreme Court EARL WARREN, seeking the release of SOBELL. He said that on the same day they attempted to contact President EISENHOWER but that President EISENHOWER was attending the Summit Conference in Paris, France. Rev. MC CORMACK stated that he and Rev. GAEDE agree that SOBELL is innocent and they have organized 97 clergymen who also support their belief and are working toward the release of SODEIL.

Literature

- 14 -



following items which were distributed

- Booklet captioned "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell." This item contained a letter and a report to the President of the United States, dated January 5, 1960.
- 2. A mimeographed pamphlet containing the same information as shown in Item 1, above.
- A leaflet captioned "Who's giving Away Secrets Now?" This contained the text of an editorial from the St. Petersburg, Fla.
 "Times," issue of November 14, 1959.

PH 100-37667

- 4. An editorial from the "Detroit News," dated May 30, 1958, captioned "The Commentator," by W.K. KEISEY and reprinted by the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, New York City.
- The April 5, 1959, issue of "The Catholic Worker," containing an article on page 2 captioned "Time, Conscience and the Sobell Case."

CONNECTIONS WITH OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

CPEPD

PHT-15 advised on November 19, 1959, that THOMAS NABRIED was invited to a PSC affair scheduled to be held in Philadelphia on December 10, 1959, by a member of the PC of the PSC. According to this informant, the affair would feature HELEN SOBELL as the guest speaker. It was hoped that NABRIED would attend this affair and possibly bring others with him as well as collect a few dollars" for the defense of MORTON SOBELL.

PHT-15 advised on November 19, 1959, what THOMAS NABRIED as of that date was Glairman of the CPEPD.

On November 29, 1959, PHT-16 reported that THOMAS NABRIED recently met with a CPUSA official from New York City. The MORTON SOBELL case was discussed and NABRIED wondered why the CP had not taken more action in this matter. Informant stated that the individual from New York City thought the CP could make another "SACCO VANZETTI" out of the SOBELL case by "whipping up hysteria." NABRIED remarked that in Philadelphia there was quite a bit of activity around the SOBELL case but the CP was standing aloof from this activity and had not taken a forthright political position in the matter. NABRIED stated he thought the CP should take a position.

PHT-16 advised on December 30, 1959, that the District Committee, CPEPD, was interested in setting up

PH 100-37667

a divil rights committee to handle a variety of civil rights matters. THOMAS NABRIED told the informant earlier in December 1959 that he did not believe civil rights work could be handled by the PSC because of the nature of the Committee itself and because JEAN FRANTJIS no longer held the real post of responsibility in the PSC.

PHT-17 advised on April 22, 1950, a "forum" was sponsored by the West Philadelphia Section, CPEPD, at the residence of JEAN FRANTJIS, 249 South Melville Street, on April 21, 1960. Approximately 30 persons attended this forum. JEAN FRANTJIS served as Chairman and at the conclusion of the affair, announced that the PSC would sponsor a meeting on April 22, 1950, as the Central YMCA in Philadelphia. She urged har listeners to attend this meeting.

On May 6, 1960, PHT-17 reported that the CPEPD sponsored a May Day celebration at the Brosdwood Hotel on Sunday, May 1, 1960. Approximately 175 persons attended and the principal speaker was JAHES E. JACKSON, Editor of "The Worker," from New York City. Toward the end of this affair, JEAN FRANTJIS read a resolution asking clemency on behalf of MORTON SOBELL. PHT-17 advised that this resolution was approved and it was announced that it would be forwarded to President EISENHOWER for his consideration.

"The Worker" is a weekly East Coast Communist publication.

PHT-12 advised on May 3, 1960, and PHT-18 advised on May 12, 1960, that the CPEHD sponsored a May Day celebration at the Broadwood Hotel on May 1, 1960. These informants attended and both furnished substantially the same information regarding this affair as PHT-17.

Philadelphia Social Science Forum Committee (PSSFC)

The PSSFC is characterized in the Appendix Section of this report.

PH 100-37667

On December 16, 1959, PHT-1 advised that the PSSFC sponsored an affair at the Adelphia Hotel on December 11, 1959. About 50 persons attended this affair. Informant stated HELEN SOBELL was introduced at this affair and spoke briefly regarding her work on behalf of her husband, MORTON SOBELL. She solicited the aid of those in attendance.



COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies Ethel and Julius Rosenberg in June 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon Morton Sobell,' the Rosenbergs' codsfendent. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Schell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October 1953 and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg case! . . . "

("Cyide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated January 2, 1957, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 60.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1959-1966 Borough of Marhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" as being located at ${\tt CLO}$ Broadway, New York, New York.

PH TH

JEWISH PROGRAM SERVICE CONTITTEE, formerly the Jewish Publication and Cultural Committee, Jewish Publication and Research Committee (and affiliated clubs and societies), known locally as Philadelphia Jewish Cultural Clubs; Jewish Cultural Clubs of Ihiladelphia

A source on 7/30/57, advised as follows:

The Philadelphia Jewish Cultural Clubs (FJCC), ake Jewish Cultural Clubs of Philadelphia, were formed in the spring months of 1954. Actually, the basis for the formation of the FJCC was laid in the fall months of 1953 when it appeared certain that the International Workers Order (TAO) would be dissolved pursuant to an order of liquidation by the New York state courts.

SOL ROTENBERG, former Executive Director, Philadelphia Jewish People's Fraternal Order (JFFO), IWO, in late 1953 laid the groundwork for the fermation of the PJCC, using as a nucleus fermer JFFO, IMO members. In early 1954, he provided leadership in the establishment of the PJCC and also set up the Co-ordinating Committee, PJCC, composed of delegates from the Culture Clubs of the PJCC. The purpose of this committee was to provide leadership, long-range planning and coordination of the activities of the various culture clubs.

A second source on 6/21/54, advised that SCL ROTENBERG was a number of the Philadelphia City Committee, CFEFD, as of June 1954. On 4/1/57, this source advised that as of March 1957, ROTENBERG was a member of the District Committee, CFEFD.

A third source advised on 5/27/60, that the IJCC continues to be active in Iniladelphia with the Shelem Aleichem Club bein the largest, most active and aggressive in the PJCC with a membership of more than 125 pc cple. The source further advised that the following cultural clubs are also active in Fhiladelphia, but do not have the large membership of the Shelem Aleichem Club:

PH PT

Wynnofield Jewish Culture Club Uptown Mutual Aid Society North East Culture Club

The Strawberry Mansion Culture Club is presently inactive.

The IWO and the Jewish People's Fraternal Order have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

LOWER BUCKS COUNTY COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SCHELL

a source advised that AARON KaTZ of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in New York City, had recently contacted certain individuals in the Levittown, Pa., area concerning some activity on behalf of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in that area.

Gennittee to Secure Justice for forten Johl, introducer the Levither.

On 5/24/60, this source advised that this group continues the xist in the Levittown, Pa. area but had not engaged in any activity since 12/10/59.

On 12/4/58, another source advised that BISA SACCO (now Mrs. ELSA SUPLEE) was, as of this date, a member of the CPEFD.

On 4/8/59, this source advised that GERTHUDE KINGES was then a number of the CrEPD.

Another source advised that FRANK KINCES was elected to the member-ship of the District Committee, CTEFD, on 1/31/60.

THILADELPHIA SOBELL COMMITTEE

On 1/23/53, Commissioner of Police Theorems, a reised that by letter dated 10/10/52, the Philadelphia Police Department, a received notification of a meeting under the sponsorship of the Philadelphia Committee to Secure Justice in the Resemberg Case to be held in Philadelphia on 10/14/52.

On 4/14/53, the Division of Solicitations, Department of Public Instructions, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 812 Blackstone Duilding, Harrisburg, Fa., advised that by letter dated 2/17/53, JENN D. F. R.NTJIS, as Executive Secretary of the Philadelphia Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, Tost Office Box 805, Thiladelphia, Pa., had advised the Division of Solicitations that the Philadelphia Committee was an affiliate of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Resemberg Case, and that the purpose of the local committee was to solicit money to be used to meet expenses in carrying on appeals in the Rosenberg Case and maintaining the Rosenberg children.

Literature issued by the Committee on the dates indicated reflects the following variations of the names of the Philadelphia Committee which have been utilized:

2/11/53 Thiladelphia Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, Post Office Dex 805, Philadelphia, Pa.

10/14/53 Philadelphia Committee to Secure Justice in the Musenberg-Sobell Case, Post Office Box 805, Philadelphia, Pa.

10/19/53 Fhiladelphia Rosenberg-Sobell Committee, Fort Office Box 805, Ihiladelphia, Ta.

7/8/54 Fhiladelphia Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the desemberg Case, Peat Office Fox 805, Philadelphia, Pa.

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On 3/14/56, a source advised that the Thiladelphia Committee to Secure Justice for Mortan Sobell in the Resemberg Cast was being disbanded because of a lack of funds and a lack of activity on the part of the Committee.



Another source advised on 5/29/60, that the Philadelphia Schell Committee continues to operate as a local affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell. It is a non-membership organization which conducts its activities through a Planning Committee consisting of no set number of people, usually eight to twelve individuals. FFARL CHERTOV is the Chairman of the Philadelphia Schell Committee, and JEAN D. FRANTJIS takes a leading role in the Planning Committee activities.

A third source advised on 5/26/60, that as of that date IEARL CHERTOV was the Organizer of the Thiladelphia Branch of the Socialist Workers Farty.



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PHILADELPHIA SOCIAL SCIENCE FORUM

COMMITTEE (PSSFC)

delphia Social Science Forum Committee (PSSFC). The source stated the PSSFC was merely a paper organization, and this series of ferums was organized by the District Education Commission (CMEFE)

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This source advised 6/12/59, that the PSSFC remained under u.e control of the District Education Commission, CPEFD. It was planned by RUBIE that a new series of forums would be conducted in the fall of 1959.

The same source advised 11/5/59, that a new series of PSSFC forums would be held on the second Friday of each month, beginnin 11/13/59, on i nursing through May 1960, at the Adelphia Hetel. Philadelphia.

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This source further advised on 5/24/60, that the final forum of the current series is scheduled for May 27, 1960. Interest has waned, and no plant exist at the present time for resumption of the forum series in the fall of 1960. The source reported that DANIEL RUBIN, who was largely responsible for the success of the PSSFC, in January 1960, was appointed National Youth Secretary, CPUSA, and no one has shown the same interest in promoting the PSSFC.

100-37667

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

August 31, 1960

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE

FOR MORTON SOBELL

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Reference: Report of SA

dated Aurast 31 ... at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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